dCache & WebDAV



Onno Zweers (with input from Paul & Tigran) dCache workshop Hamburg 2018-05-28..29 - v1.1



ALS Project MinE

Searching for the genes that cause ALS (motor neurone disease)





project

https://www.projectmine.com/

Project MinE

- Collects DNA scans from 19 countries
- Each country has different Grid certificate procedure
 - Some countries don't (Australia)
 - Huge threshold
- Medical data transfers need encryption
 - dCache GridFTP does not support data channel encryption (yet)
 - `globus-url-copy -dcpriv` to dCache appears to encrypt data while in fact it doesn't! <u>https://github.com/globus/globus-toolkit/issues/121</u>



Requirements for uploading data

- Simple authentication
 No X509
- Easy client installation

 No root CA certs, fetch-crl

 Encrypted data transfers
 - No dCache GridFTP

WebDAV

- Authentications
 - X509
 - Username/password
- Can use port 443, bypassing firewall misery
- Redirects (to HTTP)



- On: load balancing, but unencrypted
- Off: TLS data encryption
- webdav.grid.surfsara.nl DNS round robin

Clients

- web browsers (read only)
- wget (read only)
- curl
- Cyberduck
- Rclone (no x509 auth)
- FTS (third party file transfers)
- gfal* CLI and Python lib
- WebDAV Nav+ app for iPhone

• ... many more





Powered by dCache | Documentation

Firefox



It works!

- Installing rclone, configuring it, uploading test files: all in 7 minutes
- 6 TB uploaded from McGill university, Canada (cross Atlantic over public internet)



But wait...

Challenges

- Certificates & DNS round robin
- Certificate chain
- Cipher hardening
- Abandon 1 project -> 1 account mapping
- View locality
- View checksums
- Stage files through webdav?



Certificate & DNS round robin

- webdav.grid.surfsara.nl is DNS round robin to 64 hosts
 - Simple load balancing
 - Why?
 - dCache WebDAV redirects to HTTP, not HTTPS! So we use non-redirecting doors. No load balancing there.
- Host guppy1.grid.surfsara.nl != DNS name webdav.grid.surfsara.nl
- Each host cert has webdav.grid.surfsara.nl in subjectAltNames
 - DNS name always matches certificate

Certificate chain

- Installing CA root certs & fetch-crl difficult for users
- Our host certs chain:
 - DigiCert Assured ID Root CA
 - → Terena eScience SSL CA 3
- Terena is not in browsers & distros.
- But DigiCert is!
- We provide host cert + intermediate cert.
- All clients trust our webdav!
- How set up? See next slide...

Build certificate chain

echo "Composing chain file /etc/grid-security/chain.pem..." cd /etc/grid-security issuer_dn=\$(openssl x509 -in hostcert.pem -noout -issuer | sed -e 's/issuer= //') issuer_infofile=\$(grep -l "subjectdn = .\$issuer_dn" certificates/*.info) issuer_pem=\$(sed -e 's/\.info\$/.pem/' <<< "\$issuer_infofile") cat \$issuer_pem hostcert.pem > chain.pem

dCache config

webdav.authn.hostcert.cert=/etc/grid-security/chain.pem

Cipher hardening

- java.security
- dcache.conf
- layout file

java.security

- Java version 8
- Disable 3DES (= DESede in Java)

[root@door1 ~]# grep -A 1 '^jdk.tls.disabledAlgorithms' /usr/lib/jvm/jre/lib/security/java.security jdk.tls.disabledAlgorithms=SSLv3, DES, **DESede**, RC4, MD5withRSA, DH keySize < 768, \ EC keySize < 224

dcache.conf

dcache.authn.ciphers

- DISABLE_EC
 - Remove this to have Perfect Forward Secrecy, but test it first!
- DISABLE_RC4
 - RC4 unsafe, so you want this.

layout file

[webdav2880-\${host.name}Domain] [webdav2880-\${host.name}Domain/webdav] webdav.cell.name=webdav2880-\${host.name} **# Disable redirects because they send client to HTTP, not HTTPS!** webdav.redirect.on-read=false webdav.redirect.on-write=false **# Username/password auth** webdav.authn.basic=true webdav.authn.protocol=https webdav.net.port=2880

Also interesting: webdav.authn.accept-client-cert = true

Abandon 1 project -> 1 account mapping

- Most projects have FQAN to UID mapping: /vo/group/Role=*/Capability=*-> one single username
- WebDAV & username/password auth
 - each user must have his own username!
- Project MinE needed that anyway
 - Any user can be in a unique combination of multiple groups
 - Each group provides access to one country's data
 - Needed ACLs for permission inheritance
 - 18 countries -> 18 groups
 - NFS has a limit of 16 groups



Locality & checksums

With CURL, you can get both the locality and the checksum of a file through WebDAV.

Examples: <u>http://doc.grid.surfsara.nl/en/latest/Pages/Advanced/storage_clients/webdav.html#querying-file-properties</u>

Thanks Paul!

Pre-staging with WebDAV

Theoretically possible with a dirty trick: Use `curl --range` to read only 1 byte.

Alternatives:

- NFS <u>https://github.com/dCache/dcache/wiki/NFS-Dot-Commands</u>
- srm-bring-online, gfal

Security testing

Testing with nmap

onno\$ ~/nmap/bin/nmap --script ssl-enum-ciphers -p 2880 -P0 webdav.grid.surfsara.nl

PORT STATE SERVICE

2880/tcp open https

| ssl-enum-ciphers:

TLSv1.0:

ciphers:

```
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA (secp256r1) - A
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA (rsa 2048) - A
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA (dh 2048) - A
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA (secp256r1) - A
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA (rsa 2048) - A
TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA (dh 2048) - A
compressors:
NULL
cipher preference: server
TLSv1.1:
ciphers:
```

TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA (secp256r1) - A

Testing with Wireshark

- yum install wireshark wireshark-gnome
- If you don't use port 443, tell Wireshark it's an SSL connection (Analysis -> Decode as); you'll get full TLS analysis.
- In my rclone test, I found that TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA was used. That's good: it provides Forward Secrecy. Still trying to improve it though.
- Search for "client hello" to see which ciphers the client supports.

Testing with Greenbone/OpenVAS

- http://www.openvas.org/
- Score 2.6 (Low), good

Testing with Qualys SSLtest

- https://www.ssllabs.com/ssltest/analyze.html?d=gup py1.grid.surfsara.nl&s=145.100.33.67&latest
- Grade B
 - Because unable to enforce Forward Secrecy
 - Java 8 thingy

RCauth - proxies without certificates



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Project MinE

- 19 countries, 19 procedures to get certificate
- Uploading/downloading => WebDAV
- Processing => ?

RCauth

- Provides a grid proxy based on username & password instead of grid certificate
- AARC (Authentication and Authorisation for Research and Collaboration) project
- https://rcauth.eu/
- Operated by Nikhef, our neighbours at Amsterdam Science Park & Tier 1 partners

So, how does it work?



102×28 onno@mine-ui:~ — ssh -X -C onno@mine-ui.grid.surfsara.nl — 102×28

22:57 mine-ui.grid.surfsara.nl:/home/onno onno\$ startGridSessionRCauth lsgrid:/lsgrid/Project_MinE Starting firefox to bring you to portal https://rcdemo.nikhef.nl/projectmine/?role=. This may take a few seconds.

Please enter the authentication hash that you retrieved from https://rcdemo.nikhef.nl/projectmine/.





Toestemmi	Image: Note that the second	
(i) 🔒 SURFsa	ra B.V. (NL) https://cua-sso.surfsara.nl/saml/n C Q. Search	>>
Too	stomming voor bet vriigeven van persoonsgegegevens	
108	stemming voor net vijgeven van persoonsgegevens	
English	Nederlands	
U gaa	t inloggen bij een dienst RCAuth.eu WAYF. Tijdens het loginproces stuurt de identity	
provid	er zgn. attributen met daarin informatie over uw identiteit voor deze dienst. Bent u het	
uaam		
	Bewaar toestemming	
Ja,	ik ga akkoord Nee, ik weiger	
Infor	matic dia paar DCA, the au MAYE as unarden gestuurd	
inior	malle die naar RCAulh.eu WArF za worden gesluurd	
un	1:oid:2.5.4.3	
	Dana Turana	





. . .

onno@mine-ui:~ — ssh -X -C onno@mine-ui.grid.surfsara.nl — 102×28

22:57 mine-ui.grid.surfsara.nl:/home/onno onno\$ startGridSessionRCauth lsgrid:/lsgrid/Project_MinE Starting firefox to bring you to portal https://rcdemo.nikhef.nl/projectmine/?role=. This may take a few seconds.

Please enter the authentication hash that you retrieved from https://rcdemo.nikhef.nl/projectmine/. 6e 5d337c6e1e922ebe3a1a740f55a556d39302cb4543985b044964775990e0b4



onno@mine-ui:~ — ssh -X -C onno@mine-ui.grid.surfsara.nl — 102×28

22:57 mine-ui.grid.surfsara.nl:/home/onno onno\$ startGridSessionRCauth lsgrid:/lsgrid/Project_MinE Starting firefox to bring you to portal https://rcdemo.nikhef.nl/projectmine/?role=. This may take a few seconds.

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Two VOMS proxies have been created: - One valid for 7 days, uploaded to the MyProxy server px.grid.sara.nl. - One valid for 24 hours, downloaded to /tmp/x509up_u31029. Your delegation ID is: onno

23:01 mine-ui.grid.surfsara.nl:/home/onno onno\$

```
23:01 mine-ui.grid.surfsara.nl:/home/onno
onno$ voms-proxy-info -all
subject : /DC=eu/DC=rcauth/DC=rcauth-clients/0=surfsara.nl/CN=Onno Zweers Cx9goNTnglkpBisF/CN=1807010170
/CN=1218129715/CN=2607047521
issuer
        : /DC=eu/DC=rcauth/DC=rcauth-clients/0=surfsara.nl/CN=Onno Zweers Cx9goNTnglkpBisF/CN=1807010170
/CN=1218129715
identity : /DC=eu/DC=rcauth/DC=rcauth-clients/0=surfsara.nl/CN=Onno Zweers Cx9goNTnglkpBisF
         : RFC3820 compliant impersonation proxy
type
strength : 1024
path
         : /tmp/x509up_u31029
timeleft : 23:58:34
key usage : Digital Signature, Key Encipherment, Data Encipherment
=== VO lsgrid extension information ===
VO
         : lsgrid
subject : /DC=eu/DC=rcauth/DC=rcauth-clients/0=surfsara.nl/CN=Onno Zweers Cx9goNTnglkpBisF
issuer : /0=dutchgrid/0=hosts/0U=sara.nl/CN=voms.grid.sara.nl
attribute : /lsgrid/Project MinE/Role=NULL/Capability=NULL
attribute : /lsgrid/Role=NULL/Capability=NULL
timeleft : 167:58:33
         : voms.grid.sara.nl:30018
uri
23:02 mine-ui.grid.surfsara.nl:/home/onno
onno$ rpm -ga | grep -i rcauth
ca RCauth-Pilot-ICA-G1-1.91-1.noarch
23:07 mine-ui.grid.surfsara.nl:/home/onno
onno$
```

More info: Mischa Salle, <u>msalle@nikhef.nl</u> David Groep, <u>davidg@nikhef.nl</u>

Questions?