

### INDIGO - DataCloud

RIA-653549

# The First INDIGO-DataCloud Software Release

Presenter : Patrick Fuhrmann for Davide Salomoni INDIGO-DataCloud Project Coordinator CHEP16, October 2016, SF, CA

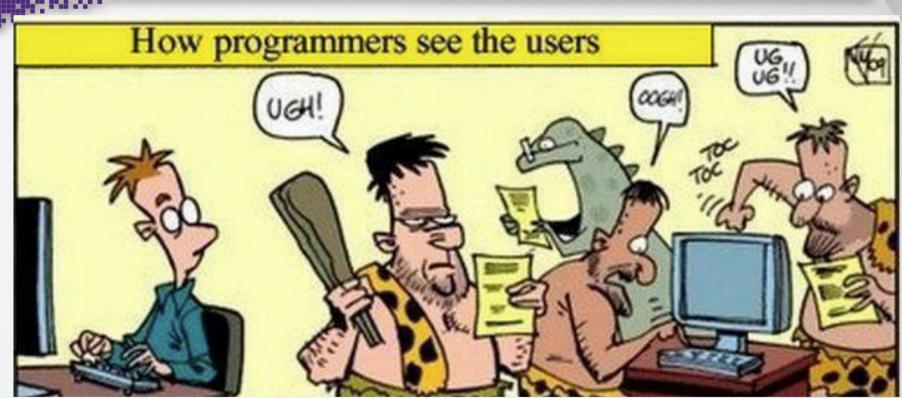
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INDIGO-DataCloud is co-founded by the Horizon 2020Framework Programme

# Something is still missing in the Cloud world...





Source: http://goo.gl/wT8XEq

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# From the Paper "Advances in Cloud"

EC Expert Group Report on Cloud Computing,

http://cordis.europa.eu/fp7/ict/ssai/docs/future-cc-2may-finalreport-experts.pdf

The Expert Group identified the following unsolved issues in the currently deployed ecosystem :

- Open Interoperation across (proprietary) Cloud solutions at IaaS, PaaS and Saas level has not yet been developed.
- No solutions are available to manage multitenancy at large scale and heterogeneous environments.
- No dynamic and seamless elasticity from in- house Cloud to public Clouds ...
- Datamanagement: Problems with bandwidth, security and privacy between public and private clouds.

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# From the Paper "Advances in Cloud"



[...] A major opportunity for Europe involves finding a SaaS interoperable solution across multiple CLOUD platforms.

Another lies in migrating legacy applications without losing the benefits of the CLOUD, i.e. exploiting the main characteristics, such as elasticity etc.

# Gap analysis

- What is missing:
  - Open interoperation / federation across (proprietary) CLOUD solutions at
    - laaS,
    - PaaS,
    - and SaaS levels
  - Managing multitenancy
    - At large scale...
    - ... and in heterogeneous environments
  - Dynamic and seamless elasticity
    - For both private and public cloud...
    - ... and for complex or infrequent requirements
  - Data management in a Cloud environment
    - Due to technical...
    - ... as well as to legal problems

Filling these gaps should lead to:

- Interoperable PaaS/SaaS solutions addressing both public and private Cloud infrastructures
- Migration of legacy applications to the Cloud

# INDIGO-DataCloud

- An H2020 project approved in January 2015 in the EINFRA-1-2014 call
  - 11.1M€, 30 months (from April 2015 to September 2017)
- 26 European partners in 11 European countries
  - Coordination by the Italian National Institute for Nuclear Physics (INFN)
  - Including developers of distributed software, industrial partners, research institutes, universities, e-infrastructures
- Develop an open source Cloud platform for computing and data ("DataCloud") tailored to science.
- Targeting Multi-disciplinary scientific communities
  - E.g. structural biology, earth science, physics, bioinformatics, cultural heritage, astrophysics, life science, climatology
- Deployable on hybrid (public or private) Cloud infrastructures
  - INDIGO = INtegrating Distributed data Infrastructures for Global ExplOitation
- In response to the technological needs of scientists seeking to easily exploit distributed Cloud/Grid compute and data resources.



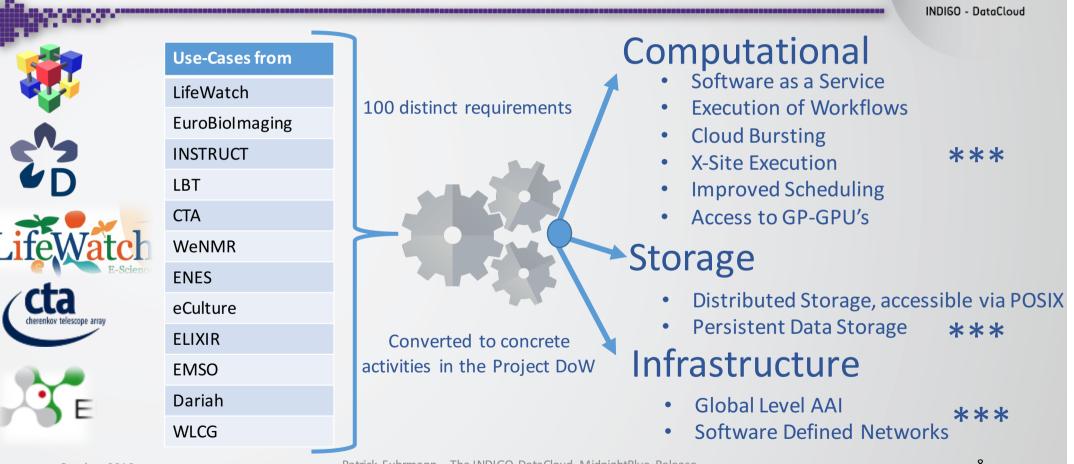
# User (Scientist) first



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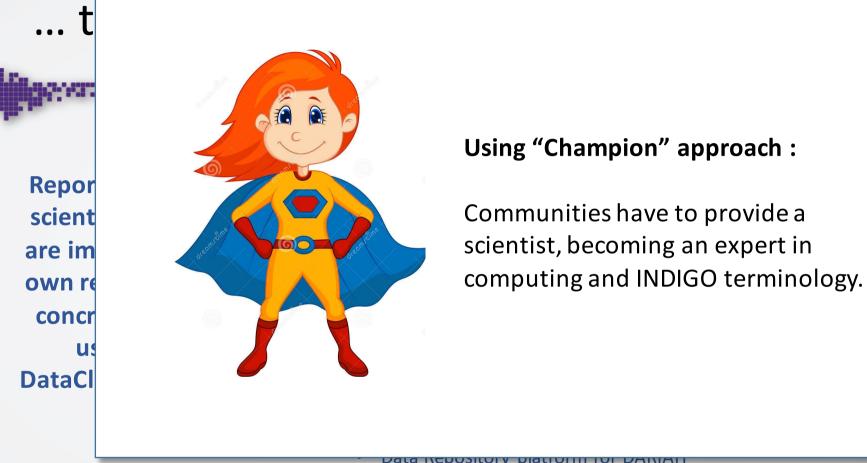
# Users first: from here...



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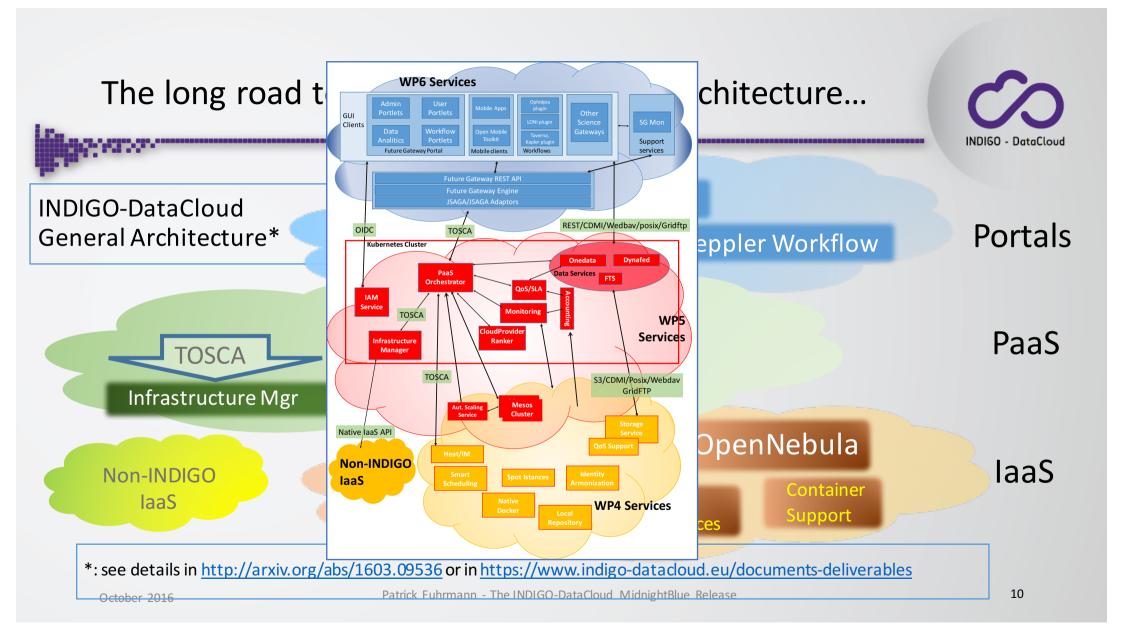


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https://www.indigo-datacloud.eu/documents-deliverables

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## The first INDIGO-DataCloud Software Release



# August 8, 2016

### INDIGO-DATACLOUD FIRST PUBLIC RELEASE IS OUT!

### INDIGO MIDNIGHTBLUE

On August 8, 2016 INDIGO-DataCloud project announced the general availability of its first public software release, codenamed MidnightBlue. The release comes after an initial phase of requirement gatherings which involved several European scientific collaborations in areas as diverse as structural biology, earth sciences, physics, bioinformatics, cultural heritage, astrophysics, life sciences, climatology, etc. This resulted in the development of many software components addressing existing technical gaps linked to easy and optimal usage of distributed data and compute resources.

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## INDIGO MidnightBlue Service Catalogue

Updates and new releases of the INDIGO services are expected to come in the forthcoming months. The first scientific applications and use cases adopting this first INDIGO release are expected starting from September 2016.



### https://www.indigo-datacloud.eu/communication-kit

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### INDIGO-DATACLOUD FIRST PUBLIC RELEASE IS OUT!

### INDIGO MIDNIGHTBLUE

### Calution

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### 1. Identity and Access Management

Short Service Name

IAM

Solution Type

**Common Solution** 

### **Installation Area**



The IAM service provides a layer where identities, enrolment, group membership, attributes and policies to access distributed resources and services can be managed in a homogeneous and interoperable way. It supports the federated authentication mechanisms behind the INDIGO AAI.

The IAM service provides user identity and policy information to services so that consistent authorization decisions can be enforced across distributed services.

Identity and Access Management is provided through multiple methods (SAML, OpenID Connect and X.509) by leveraging on the credentials provided by the existing Identity Federations (i.e. IDEM, EDUGAIN, etc). Distributed authorization policies and Token Translation Service will guarantee selected access to the resources as well as data protection and privacy.

The AAI common glue, implemented across the entire INDIGO

architecture.

### 2. Fairshare Scheduler for OpenStack

Short Service Name	
Synergy	
Solution Type	0
Data Center Solution	
Installation Area	E C



Synergy, the NDIGO Fairshare Sceduler for Openstack, is an extensible all-purpose management service for integration with OpenStack Infrastructures. It is implemented by a collection of independent pluggable tasks and executed periodically (e.g. cron jobs) or interactively (e.g. RESTful API). Synergy can be used to allocate a set of dynamic OpenStack resources to be shared among different projects. Moreover, Synergy offers a queuing mechanisms for requests until relevant resources are available. It can oversee the instantation of both virtual machines and containers managed via the nova-docker service.

# 3. Partition Director Service for Batch and Cloud resources

Short Service Name	
Dynpart	
Solution Type	Ų.
Data Center Solution	
nstallation area	



Dynpart, the Partition Directore Service for Batch and cloud resources, facilitates the management of a hybrid data center that provides both batch-system based services and cloud-based services. Physical computing resources, in fact, can act as member of batch system cluster or as compute node in a cloud environment.

Dynpart can easily manage such mutual exclusive approach of physical resources making the data center dynamic and flexible.

### 6. PaaS Orchestrator

### **Short Service Name**

Orchestrator

\_\_\_\_\_

Solution Type

Automated Solution

**OneData allows us** to implement a first prototype of distributed archive for the Cherenkov Telescope Array (CTA) project. The **INAF** distributed architecture of the CTA Archive will allow to lower costs with respect to a single huge data centre including easy manageability and maintenance».



Eva Sciacca.

Researcher at INAF - Astrophysics Observatory of Catania, Italy

collects high-level deployment requests from the software layer, and coordinates the resource or service deployment over dynamic Mesos clusters or directly over laaS platforms.

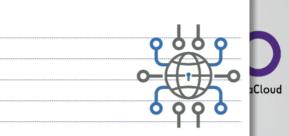
### 5. Global Data Access

### Short Service Name

Solution Type

OneData

Data Solution





Clobal Data Access is the global data management system providing easy access to distributed storage resources and supports a wide range of use case, from data management to data-intensive scientific computations

INDIGO communities Physics & Astrophysics

We tried Onedata for the Large Binocular Telescope (LBT) use case and configured this service for a simulated distributed archive. We tried to install and configure all Onedata components (Onezone, Oneprovider and Oneclient) on



dedicated virtual machines, deploying docker images. The main goal was to use Onedata to store and distribute data to different sites according to defined data policies».

«Onedata provides an intuitive configuration interface and a very flexible framework to store data using global distributed storage providers».

Andrea Bignamini,

Researcher at the Astronomical Observatory of Trieste, Italy

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### 9. Infrastructure Manager

### Short Service Name

### INDIGO communities Biological & Medical science

The Infrastructure Manager gives you full flexibility to write your own recipes to deploy and configure your cluster. The user can also use already available RADLs to deploy a cluster. The interface is user friendly, and tutorials are helpful. The user can also store his/ her credentials for not only one but multiple resource providers (Amazon, Google, EGI etc), which is a big plus"



Zeynep Kurkcuoglu,

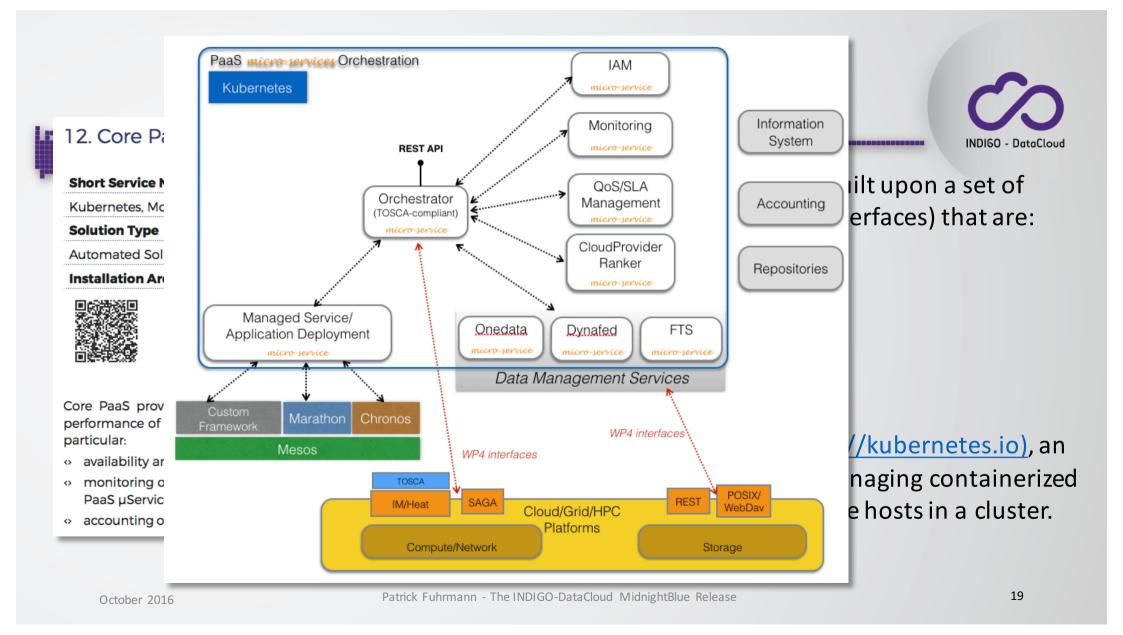
Bijvoet Center for Biomolecular Research, the Netherlands INDIGO Champion for the "Virtualization of the HADDOCK portal" use case

virtual infrastructure.

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### 13. Storage Quality of Service and Data Lifecycle support

Short Service Name	
СДМІ	
Solution Type	
Data Solution	
Installation Area	



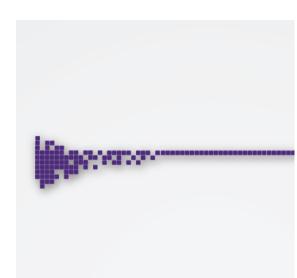


This solution implements the INDIGO-DataCloud CDMI Server, a set of functionalities aimed at Improving QoS capabilities of storage resources for better support of high-level storage requirements, such as flexible allocation of disk or tape storage space and support for data life cycle.

↔ This is an enhancement also with respect to what is currently available in public clouds, such as Amazon Clacier and Google Cloud Storage.

CDMI provides the official reference implementation of the SNIA Cloud Data Management Interface (CDMI), an ISO standard, and also a Spring Boot application port of the SNIA CDMI-Server. The CDMI server has been extended to support Quality-of-Service (QoS) and Data Life-cycle (DLC) operations for multiple storage back-ends like dCache, Ceph, GPFS, Gemss+TSM, StoRM and HPSS.

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### **Technical Support**

Most complex software contains bugs, and we are not an exception. One of the features of free and open source software is the ability to report bugs, helping to fix or improve the software you use. The INDIGO-DataCloud project uses the GCUS (Global Grid User Support) tool as its user support system. It provides sophisticated search functionality, report generation, interfaces to bug tracking systems used by different middleware components, and automatic ticket reminder including escalation indication. Please use the INDIGO-DataCloud Catch-All GGUS Support Unit or directly contact us through the indigo-su@lists. indigo-datacloud.eu mailing-list.

### Share the INDIGO Experience

Developers, researchers and IT enthusiasts: feel free to write to info@ indigo-datacloud.eu to ask for more information on how to deploy your PaaS-based solution for your work. For automatic notifications, you can register to the INDIGO-DataCloud RSS release feed or subscribe to the INDIGO-DataCloud Announce Mailing list. You can also socialize with us via Twitter, Facebook and LinkedIn. Finally, you can also subscribe to **INDIGO Newsletters** and receive communications about the project, such as new releases, community events and other events where to meet the INDIGO team, tutorials, workshops, webinars, guides, and more.

- SINDIGO-Datacloud Website:
  - https://www.indigo-datacloud.eu
- Technical Support:
- https://www.indigo-datacloud.eu/indigo-support-and-technical-services
- Twitter: https://twitter.com/indigodatacloud
- Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/indigodatacloud
- Linkedin: https://it.linkedin.com/in/indigodatacloud

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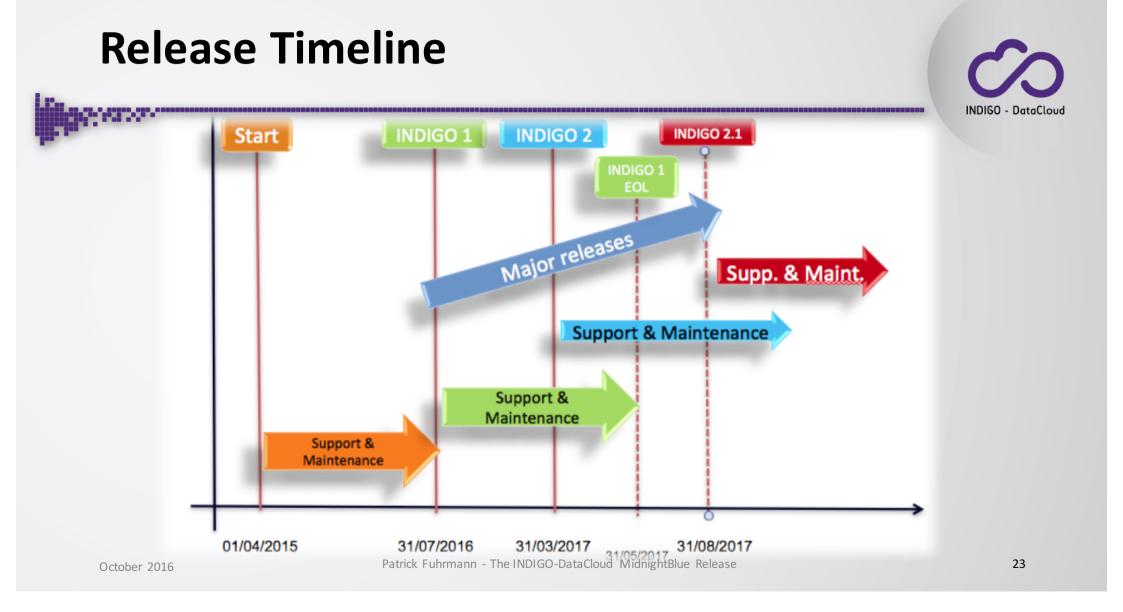
# INDIGO-DataCloud and EINFRA-12-2017



- INDIGO MidnightBlue consists of 38 modular components and includes 208 packages (RPMs, DEBs and tarballs), as well as 40 Docker containers, open source and freely downloadable.
- This release, providing advanced key Cloud services, is offered as a concrete step toward the definition and implementation of a European Open Science Cloud.
- EINFRA-12-2017 ("Data and Distributed Computing e-infrastructures for Open Science"):

The challenge is to integrate at European level the geographically and disciplinary dispersed resources to achieve economies of scale and efficiency gains in **providing the best data and computing capacity and services to the research and education communities**. This action is interrelated to INFRADEV-04-2016, "European Open Science Cloud for Research".

• We are keen to discuss with you how INDIGO services can be a key part of an EINFRA-12-2017 project proposal.



# **INDIGO Contributions to CHEP'16**



- The INDIGO-DataCloud Authentication and Authorisation Infrastructure
- Optimizing the resource usage in Cloud based environments: the Synergy approach
- Storage Quality-of-Service in Cloud-based Scientific Environments: A Standardization Approach
- Improved Cloud resource allocation: how INDIGO-Datacloud is overcoming the current limitations in Cloud schedulers
- Unified data access to e-Infrastructure, Cloud and personal storage within INDIGO-DataCloud
- dCache, managed Cloud Storage
- Mesos exploitation within INDIGO-DataCloud for multi-site long-running services, computational workloads and advanced PaaS features

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# **INDIGO** Contributions to CHEP'16



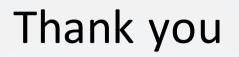
- Geographically distributed Batch System as a Service: the INDIGO-DataCloud approach exploiting HTCondor
- Facilitating the deployment and exploitation of HEP Phenomenology codes using **INDIGO**-Datacloud tools
- Optimizing the resource usage in Cloud based environments: the Synergy approach
- Abstracting application deployment on Cloud infrastructures
- A FairShare Scheduling Service for OpenNebula

# Conclusions



- The first public INDIGO release was issued at the beginning of August 2016.
- Its services are already available in several testbeds.
- Concrete use cases are currently being implemented by many scientific communities.
- A lot of important developments are being carried on in coordination with upstream developers, so that code maintenance is not only upon us.
- Now looking for early adopters / people willing to test and run INDIGO components with their applications or requirements. If interested, please contact us.
- We look forward to providing these components in a future European Open Science Cloud through INFRADEV-4-2016 and EINFRA-12-2017 projects.
  - And extending them through EINFRA-21-2017 projects.

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# https://www.indigo-datacloud.eu Better Software for Better Science.

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# Sample use cases



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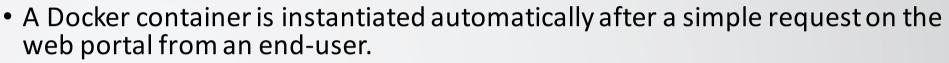
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# Sample use cases:

- 1. Interactive usage of a Docker container with ssh
- 2. A web portal that uses a batch system to run applications
- 3. Virtual infrastructures for Medical Imaging Biobanks
- 4. An application to CMS
- 5. Running Docker containers without Docker

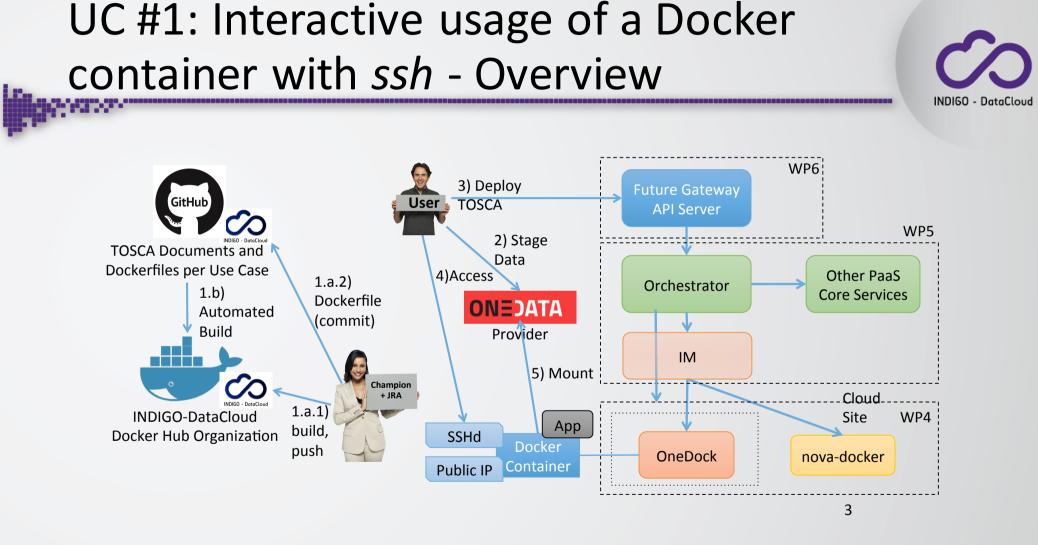


# **UC #1**: Interactive usage of a Docker container with *ssh*



- This will exploit a **TOSCA Template** through the INDIGO orchestrator.
- The container has a public IP address and the user (or the portal) can directly get access to it.
- Users can mount a local or remote posix filesystem through INDIGO Onedata.
- The application in the Docker container is able to simply read the files provided via web browser by the end user and to write posix files that are available to users via web browsers.
- The same Docker container could be used to execute a large list of applications in a batch-like behaviour.

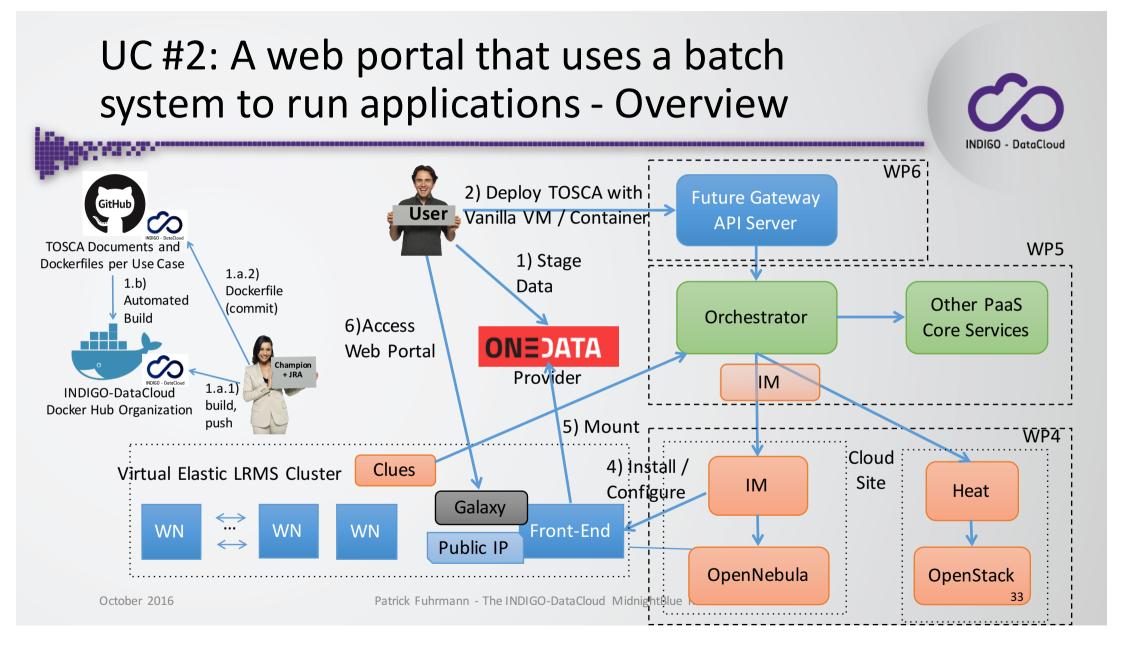
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# UC #2: A web portal that uses a batch system to run applications

- A user community maintains a "vanilla" version of a portal using <u>Galaxy</u>, a computing image, plus some specific recipes to customize software tools and data
  - Portal and computing are part of the same image that can take different roles.
  - Customization may include creating special users, copying (and registering in the portal) reference data, installing (and again registering) processing tools.
  - Typically web portal image also has a batch queue server installed.
- All the running instances share a common directory.
- Different credentials: end-user and application deployment.



# **UC#3**: Virtual infrastructures for Medical Imaging Biobanks

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The goal: provisioning of scalable and fully customized virtual infrastructures with access to data subsets.

Four steps:

- 1. Data fetching and anonymization using dcm2nii and copy of the data into a volume.
- Defining the execution environment, involving a batch queue (condor/torque) and the tools on the nodes (Caffe, octave and user-specific image processing components).
- 3. Deployment of the environment with the volume mounted (Read only), and additional (Read & Write) volumes for results.
- 4. Data processing using the interface.

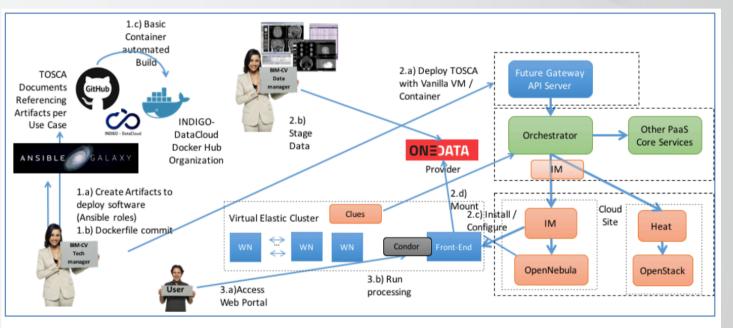


Figure 4. 4: Medical Imaging Databanks architecture with INDIGO

# UC#4: An application to LHC/CMS

- The **goal** is to develop a solution for generating automatically an on-demand, container-based cluster for CMS in order to allow:
  - The effective use of **opportunistic resources**, such as general purposes campus facilities.
  - The dynamic extension of an already existing dedicated facility.
- By simplifying and automating the process of creating, managing and accessing a pool of computing resources the project aims to **improve**:
  - Sites management:
    - A simple solution for dynamic/elastic T2 extensions on "opportunistic"/stable resources
    - A friendly procedure to dynamically instantiate a spot "Tier3-like resource center"
  - Users experience:
    - Generation of an ephemeral on-demand T3 seen by the Experiment computing infrastructure as a personal WLCG-type facility, in order to serve a group of collaborators. The system must allow the use of standard/regular CMS Tools such as CRAB.

### • Experiment-Collaboration resources:

• A comprehensive approach to opportunistic computing. A solution to access and orchestrate e.g. multiple campus centers, harvesting all the free CPU cycles without major deployment efforts.

# UC#4: Application to CMS, four pillars:

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### Cluster Management:

- Mesos clusters as a solution in order to execute docker for all the services required by a regular CMS site (Worker Nodes, HTCondor Schedd and squids).
- Marathon guarantees us the dynamic scaling up and down of resources, a key point.

### • AuthN/Z & Credential Management:

- The INDIGO Identity Access Management (IAM) service is responsible for AuthN/Z to the cluster generation.
- The Token Translation Service (TTS) enables the conversion of IAM tokens into an X.509 certificate
  - NOTE: This allows Mesos slaves (running HTCondor\_startd daemon) to join the CMS central queue (HTCondor\_schedd) as a regular Grid WN

### • Data Management:

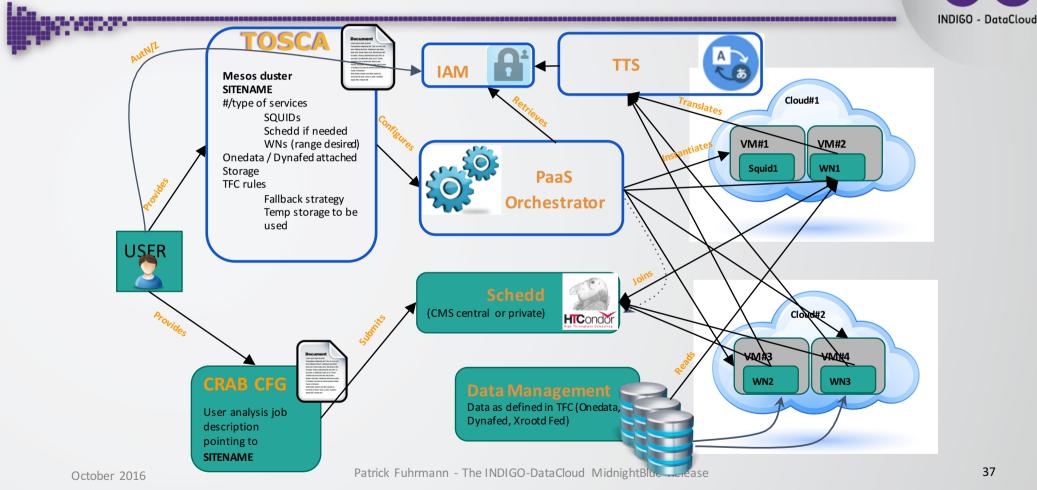
• Dynafed is the approach currently followed by the project. A further possibility we will investigate is Oneclient (from Onedata) as a tool allowing to mount remote Posix filesystems.

### • Automation:

- TOSCA templates, meant to be managed by INDIGO PaaS Orchestrator, allow the automation of the overall setup.
  - The aim is to produce a single YAML file describing the setup of all required services and deps.

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## UC#4: Application to CMS, architecture:



# UC#5: Running Docker containers without Docker ③



- Adoption of Docker is very slow in HPC centers
- Thus the typical situation is that Docker is not installed and one cannot run containers without some support from system software.
- In general, Docker adoption will be slow in any computing farm or interactive linux system shared by many users.
  - It will take time for sysadmins to overcome the concerns of their security teams.
  - It is yet another service to maintain...
  - .... you name it.

# UC#5: INDIGO udocker

- A tool to execute content of docker containers in user space when docker is not available
  - enables download of docker containers from dockerhub
  - enables execution of docker containers by non-privileged users
- It can be used to execute the content of docker containers in Linux batch systems and interactive clusters managed by others
- A wrapper around other tools to mimic docker capabilities
  - current version uses proot to provide a chroot like environment without privileges (it runs on CentOS 6, CentOS 7, Fedora, Ubuntu)
- More info and downloads at:
  - <u>https://www.gitbook.com/book/indigo-dc/udocker/details</u>
  - <u>https://indigo-dc.gitbooks.io/udocker/content/doc/user\_manual.html</u>



# UC#5: INDIGO udocker

### • Examples:

# download, but could also import or load a container exported/save by docker
\$ udocker.py pull ubuntu:latest
\$ udocker.py create --name=myubuntu ubuntu:latest

# make the host homedir visible inside the container and execute something \$ udocker.py run -v \$HOME myubuntu /bin/bash <<EOF cat /etc/lsb-release ls -l \$HOME EOF

udocker is NOT an alternative to docker: we need the container image built by docker.

It is a tool to handle and run containers with regular user privileges and/or when docker is not available for some reason: it is very convenient to access clusters and Grid resources

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# UC#5: INDIGO udocker

- Everything is stored in the user home dir or some other location
- Container layers are download to the user home
- Directory trees can be created/extracted from these container layers
- proot uses the debugger ptrace mechanism to change pathnames and execute transparently inside a directory tree
- No impact on read/write or execution, only impact on system calls using pathnames (ex. open, chdir, etc)
- Does not require installation of software in the host system:
  - udocker is a python script
  - proot is statically compiled

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