



## dCache, Sync-and-Share for Big Data

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dCache workshop Spring 2015





# Need a sync-n-share service at DESY

- **Requirements:**

- Easy to use,

- Store everything at DESY,

- Integrate with existing infrastructure.

- **Anticipated future usage:**

- change data between syncing and non-syncing storage,

- like Amazon, provide different QoS with different costs,

- share data without syncing,

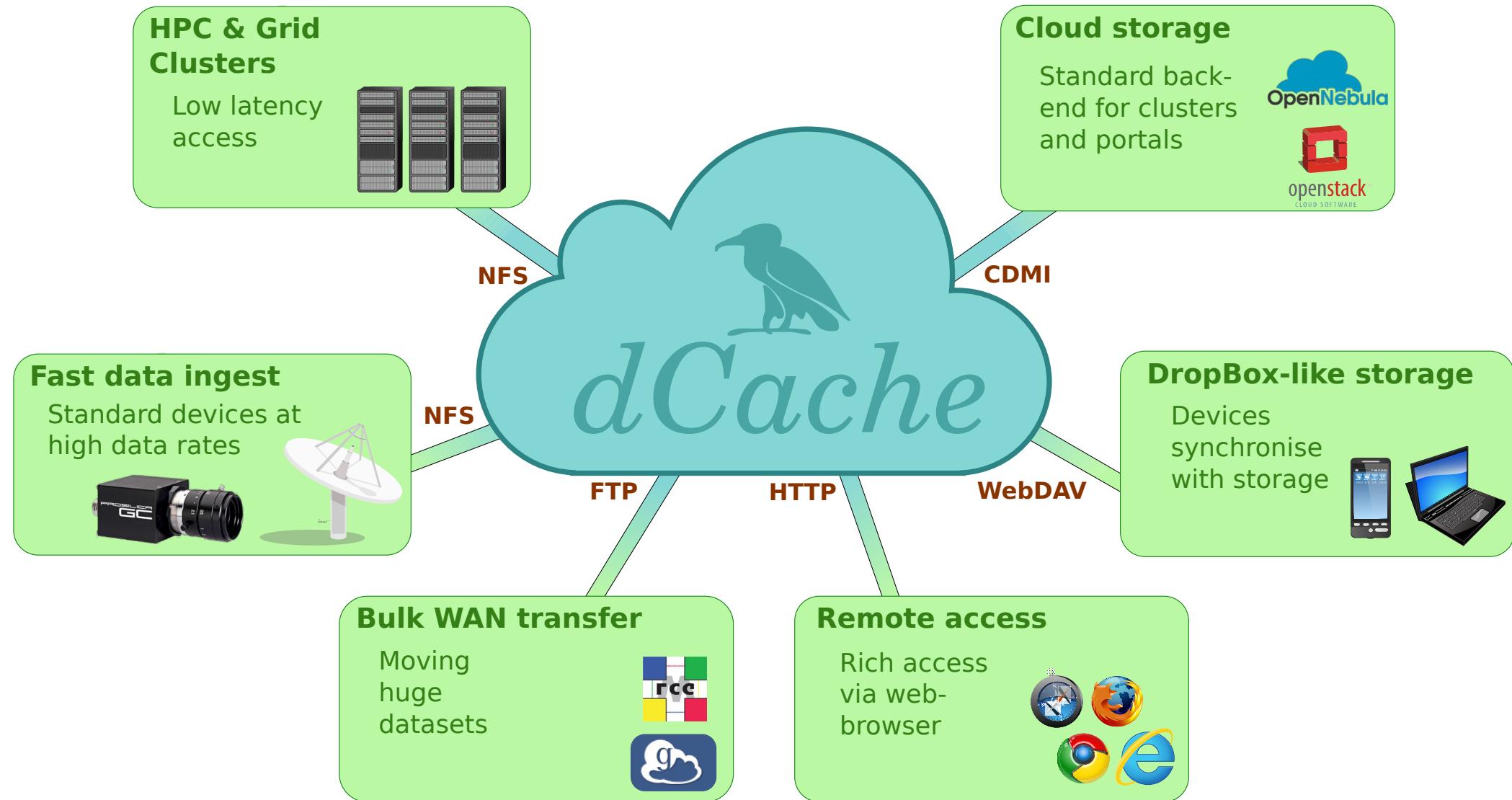
- 3<sup>rd</sup> party transfers between sites,

- direct access to sync space from compute facilities.

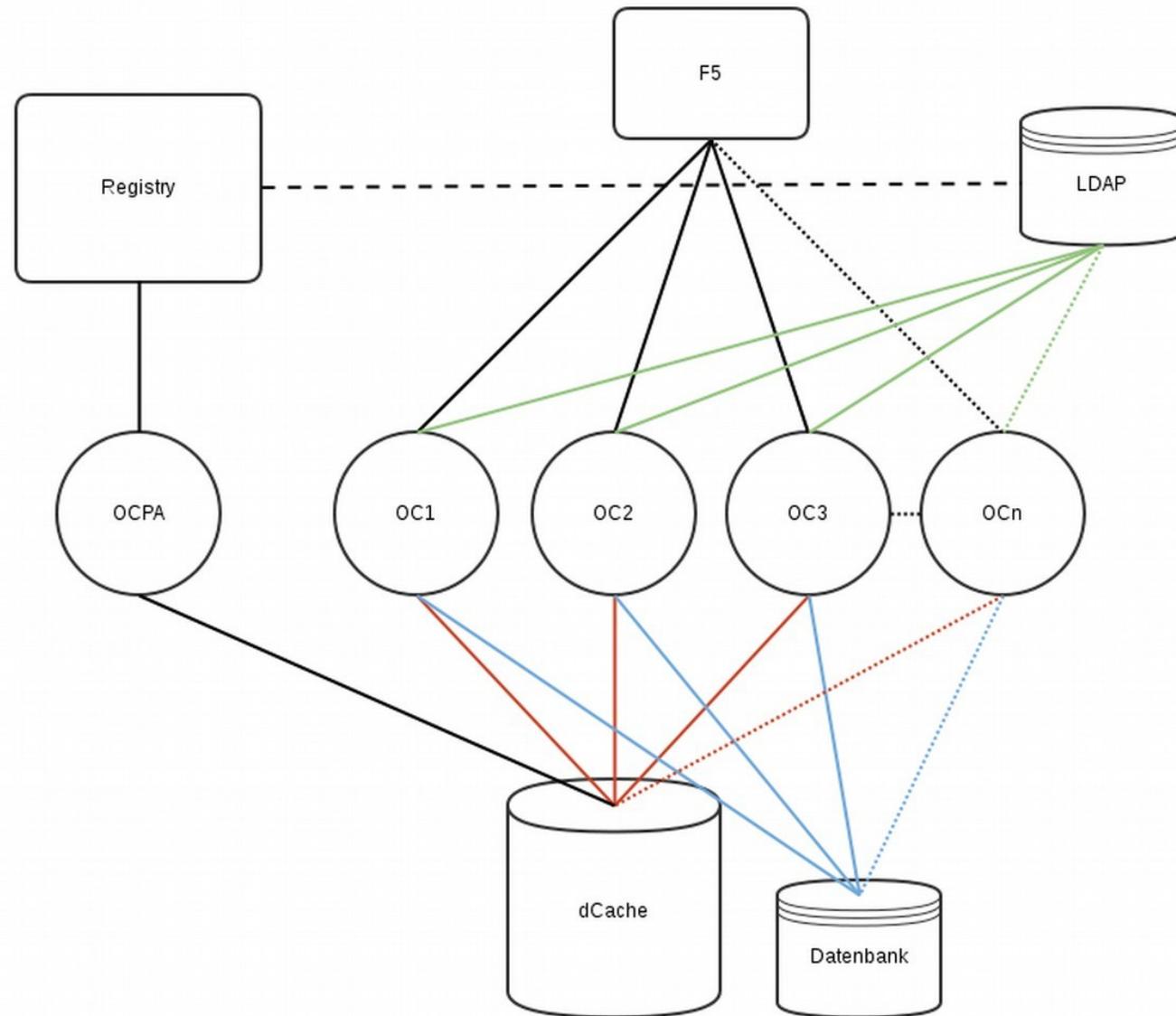
# How we solved it at DESY

- Looked around, chose two open-source projects:
  - **dCache: powerful managed storage system**  
Integration with scientific data life-cycle;  
“Hot” data can be stored on SSDs, “cold” on cheaper HDDs, “archive” tape;  
... but no sync and share facilities.
  - **ownCloud: popular front-end**  
Our collaborators adopting ownCloud makes it more attractive;  
... but assumes storage is managed.
- Combining these two gives DESY the best of both worlds:  
dCache is mounted on servers with **NFS v4.1/pNFS**, running community edition ownCloud.  
Integrated with DESY Kerberos, LDAP and “Registry”.

# The scientific cloud vision

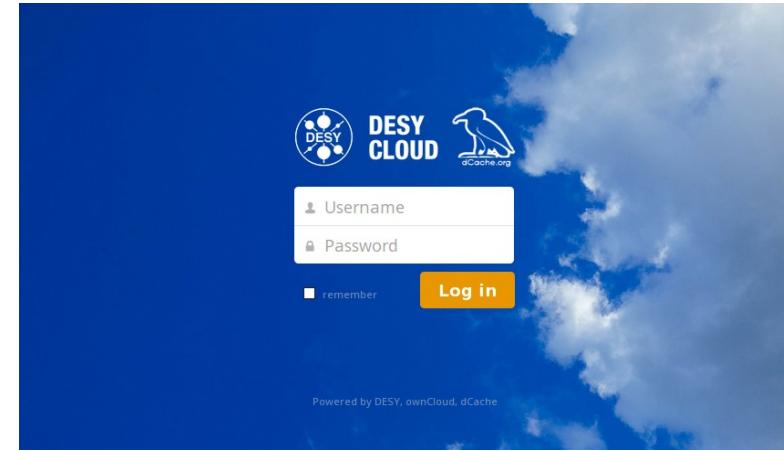


# Integration within DESY infrastructure

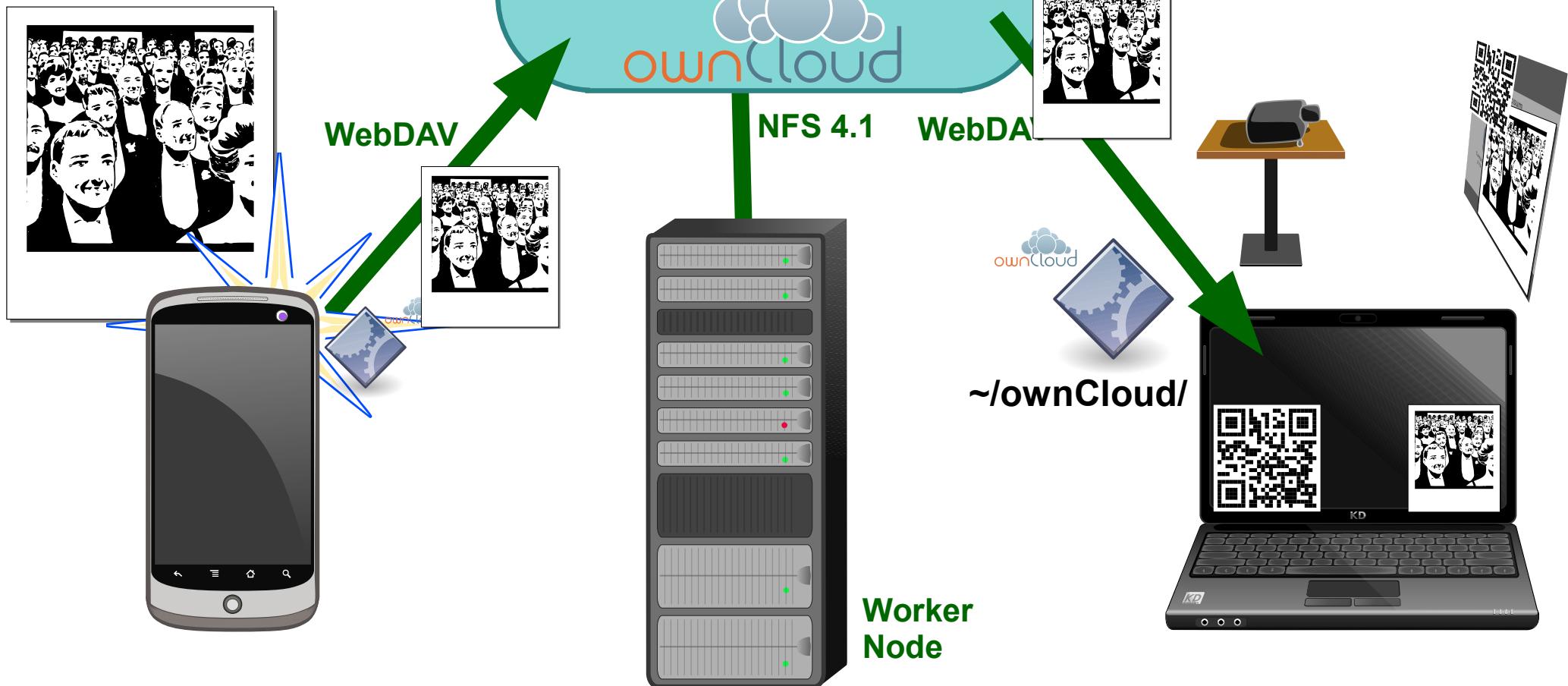


# The DESY Cloud service

- Status: **production**(-ish),  
but only for a few groups:  
219 users,  $2 \times 10^6$  files, 2.4 TiB
- Required minor **patches** to  
ownCloud & dCache:  
Changes always pushed into regular dCache  
releases; ownCloud 8 has all changes.
- Have a blueprint for **any site** to reproduce.



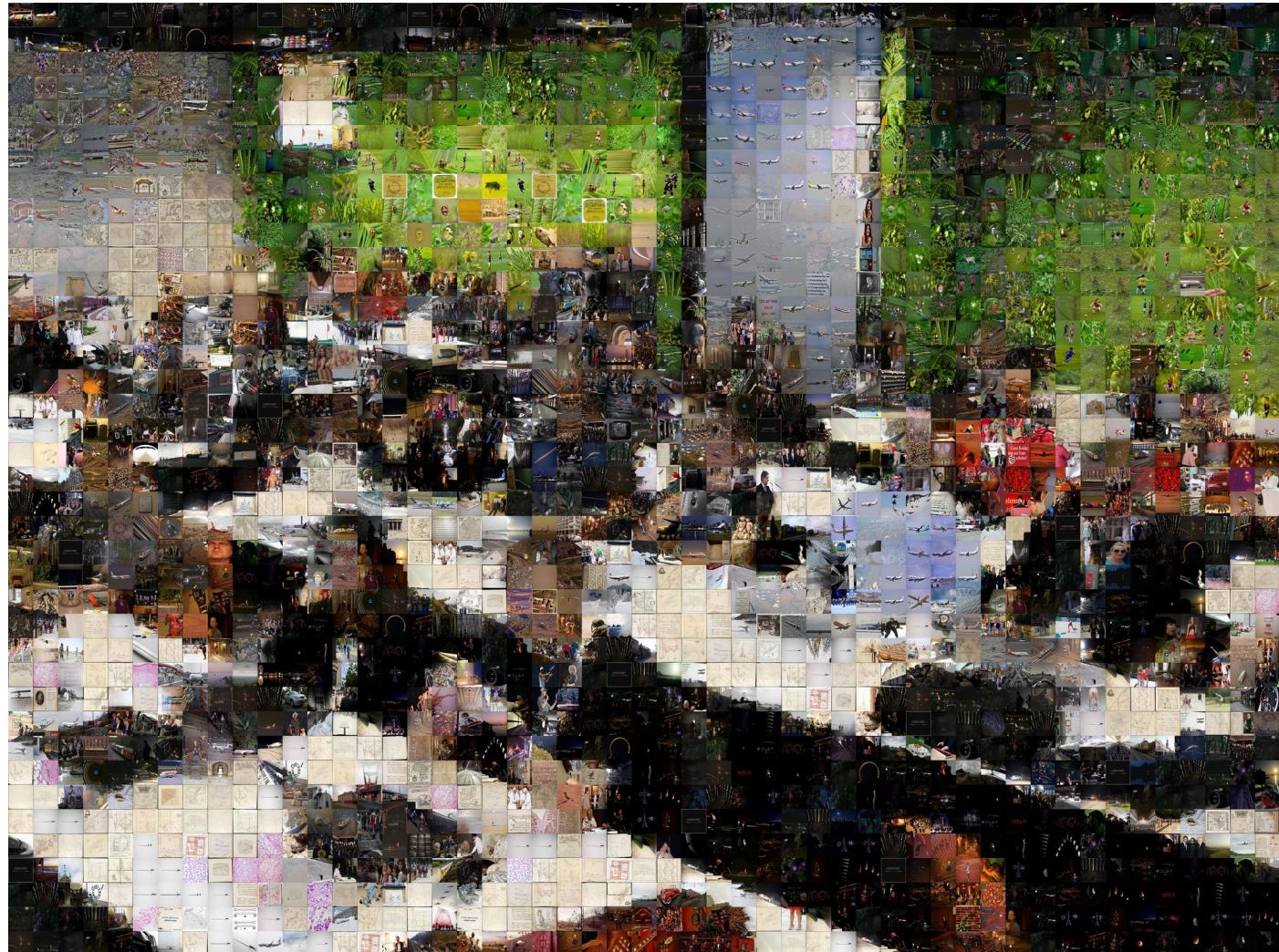
## Demo:



# Demo: sync-n-share



# Demo: processed image, from WN

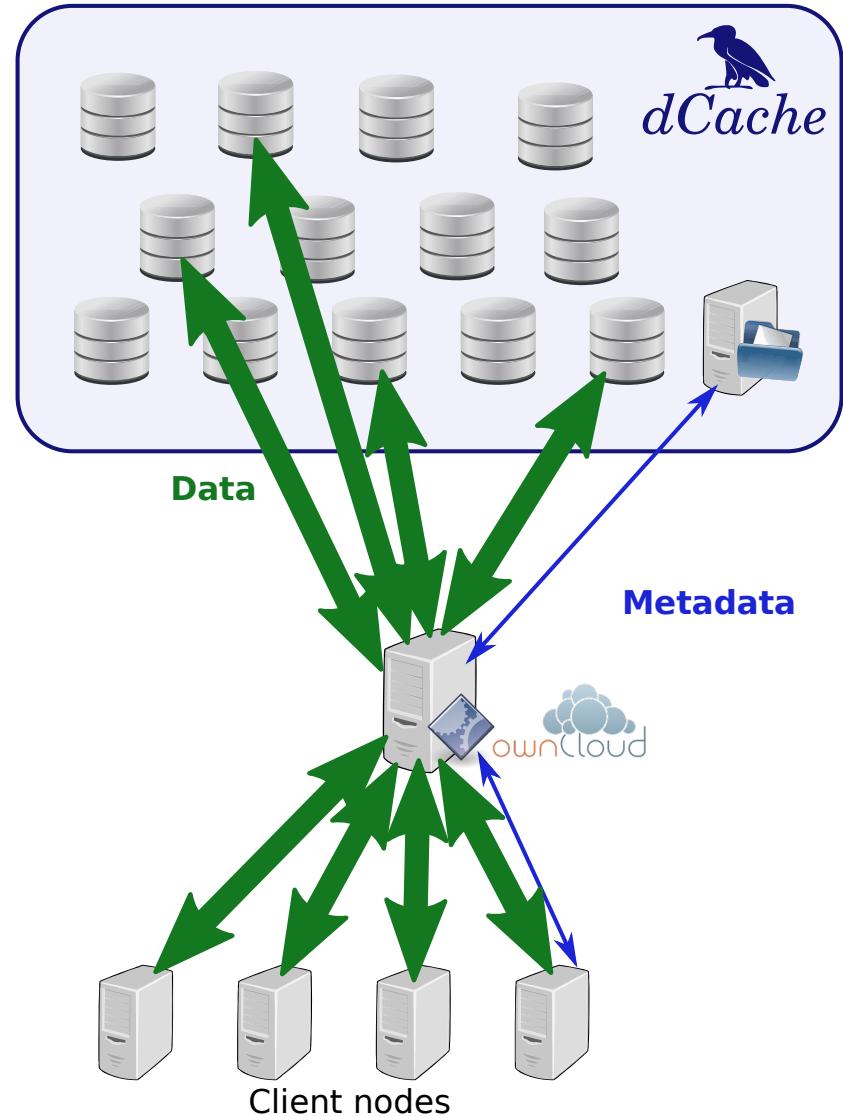
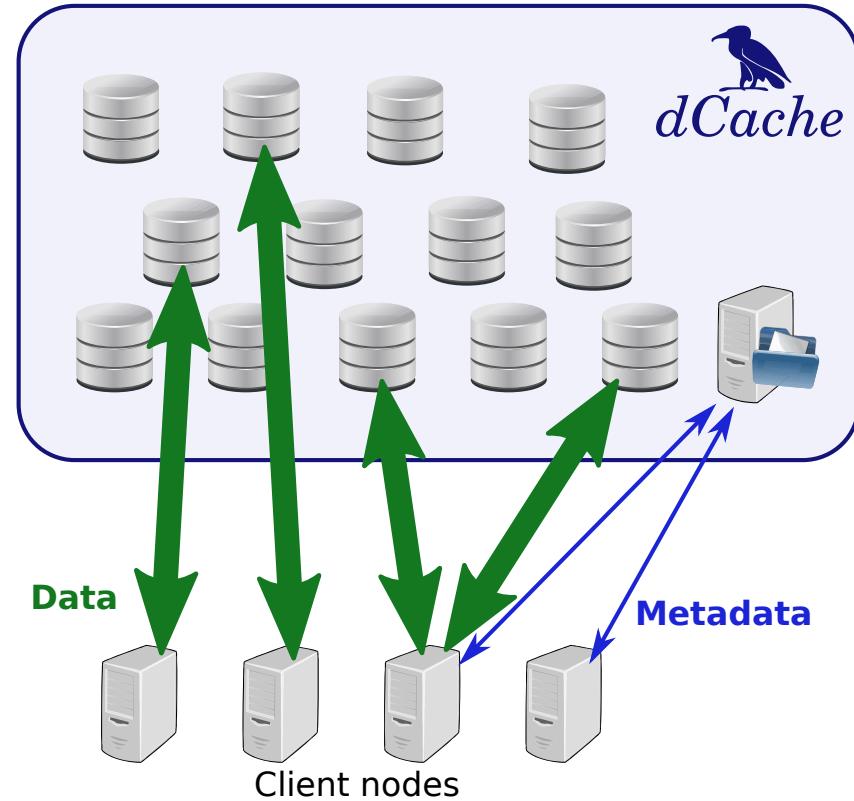


# Development and future work

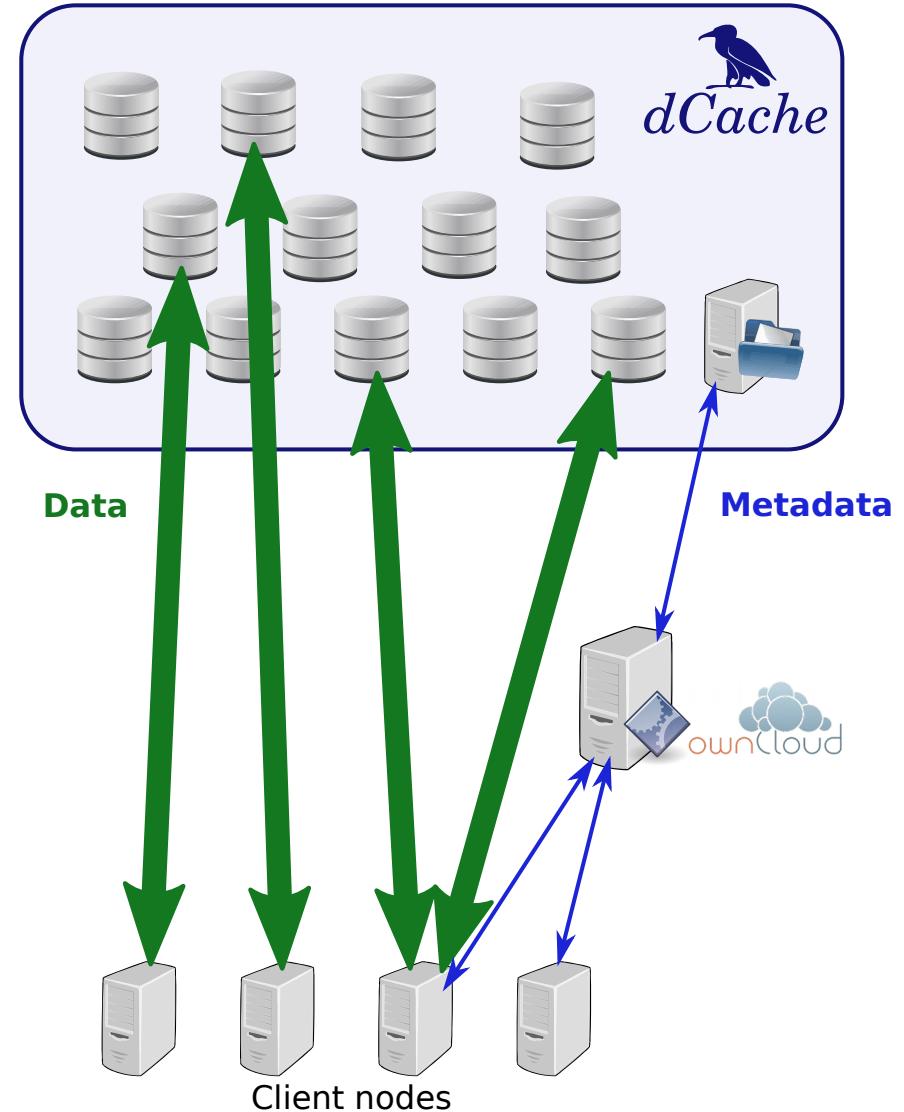
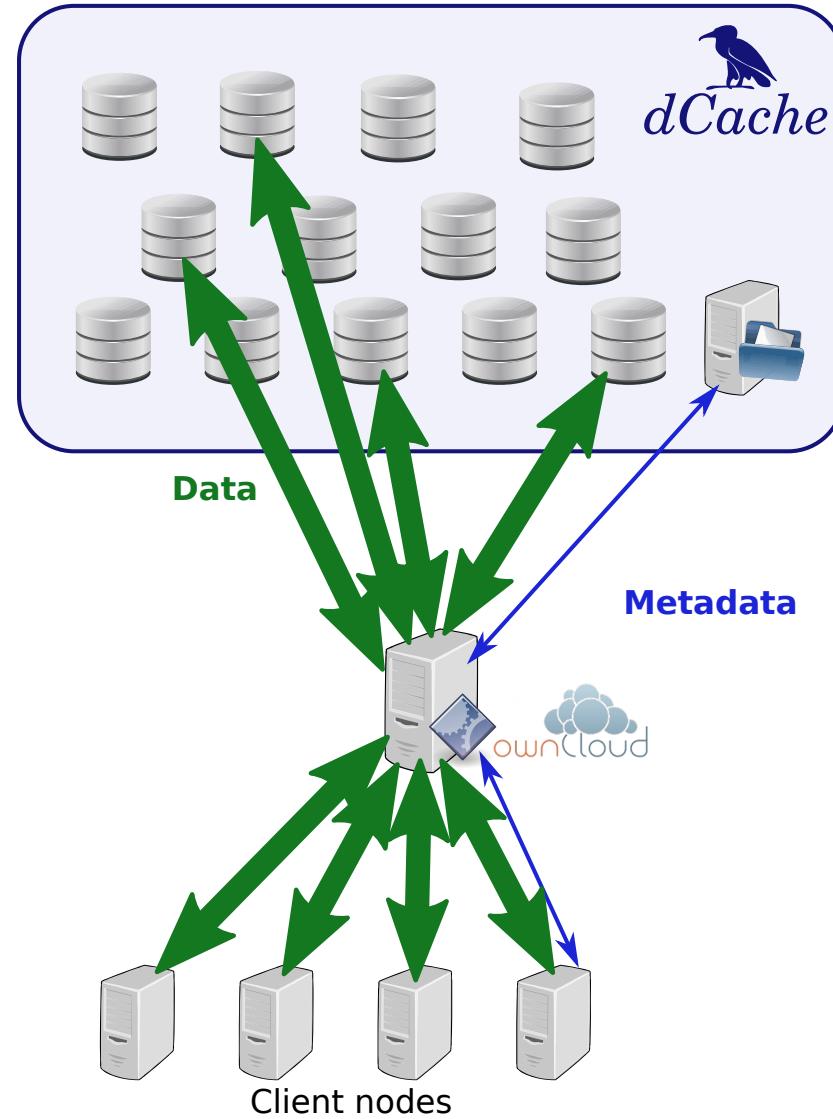
- Allow **direct access** to ownCloud files:
  - Supporting direct access from worker-nodes, 3<sup>rd</sup> party transfers, ...
  - Files in dCache need to be owned by the **user** (i.e., not user `owncloud`)
  - Couldn't fix ownCloud: work-around within dCache
- **Consistency** between ACLs and shares:
  - dCache ACLs to honour ownCloud shares and vice versa
- **Integrity**: e.g., propagate and handling checksums,
- **Notification**: avoid client polling,
- **Redirection** support for sync-client:
  - ownCloud server proxying data is bottleneck; want syncing to be more efficient by taking data from where its stored.



# NFS v4.1/PNFS vs ownCloud (currently)



# ownCloud: currently vs with redirect





Thanks for listening ... any questions?





# Backup slides



## Not just ownCloud ...

- dCache team hosted a **two-day workshop** with project- and technical-lead of DCORE
  - Provides cloud storage with features beyond ownCloud
  - Some “big name” customers
- Initial “lite integration” by **December 2014**  
(includes redirection support)
- Then providing “tight integration” with shared namespace

# Experience: problems with ownCloud

- If underlying FS disappears, **all sync-clients delete all data.**
- If underlying FS returns **EIO** on read, sync-client creates 0-length file: **impossible to recover.**
- Bulk delete through web interface is **unreliable** (under investigation).
- Rename directory causes client to **delete all files and upload** them again.
- Admin interface **awkward** with O(5k) users.

# Thinking about sync-and-share

- Like other systems, small fraction of data is “hot”  
SSDs provide better performance, but can't afford only SSDs; nice to have system that places hot data on SSDs, cold data on HDD.

- Amazon had a smart idea: allow people to choose how much to pay  
Let users choose between Normal and Glacial QoS;  
e.g., disable sync for Glacial-like storage but allow access via web interface



**DESY  
CLOUD**



 Username

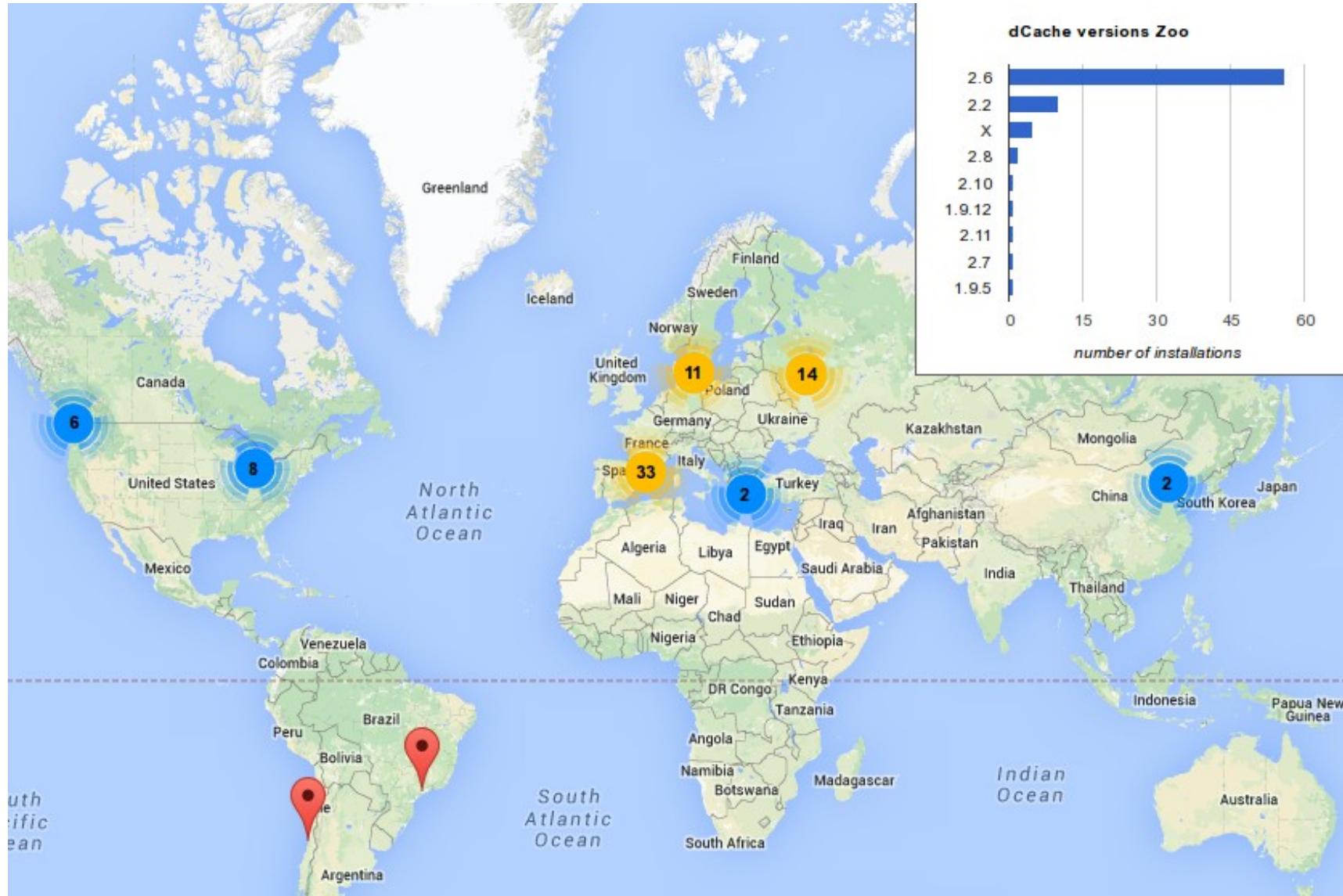
 Password

remember

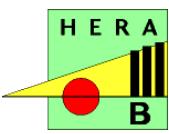
**Log in**

Powered by DESY, ownCloud, dCache

# WLCG dCache instances (only WLCG sites shown)



# Over 10 years “Big Data” experience

Era	Disk cache	Grid Storage	Generic Storage	Cloud Storage
Additional Communities	    	   	        	 
Additional Authentication	Trusted host	X.509, Kerberos	Username+PW	SAML, OpenID, OAuth, Token, ...