



Storage at DESY and more



Patrick Fuhrmann et al.

and some slides stolen from
Tigran Mkrtchyan

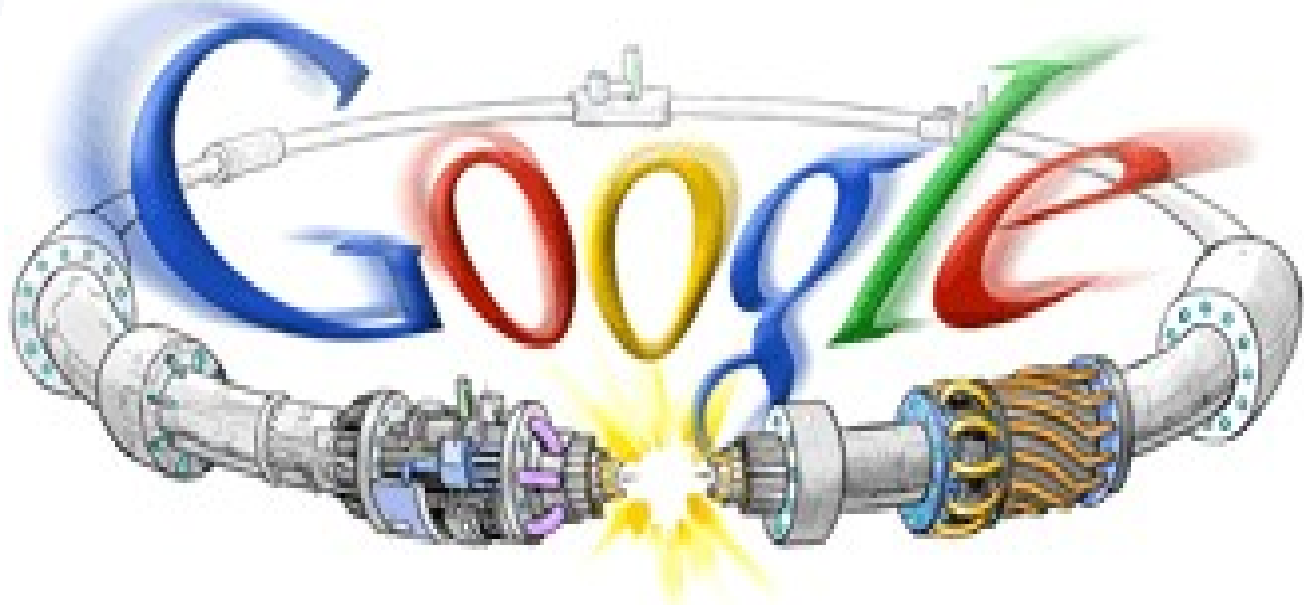


additional funding, support or contributions by





Did you notice yesterday ?





Yesterday, 10:28 a proton bunch for the first time passed the entire 27 Km LHC tunnel.

This was the start of the largest experiment people ever made.

Hopefully not the last one.

(I'm getting a lot of trouble saying this)

And you may ask : What does this has to do with this meeting ?

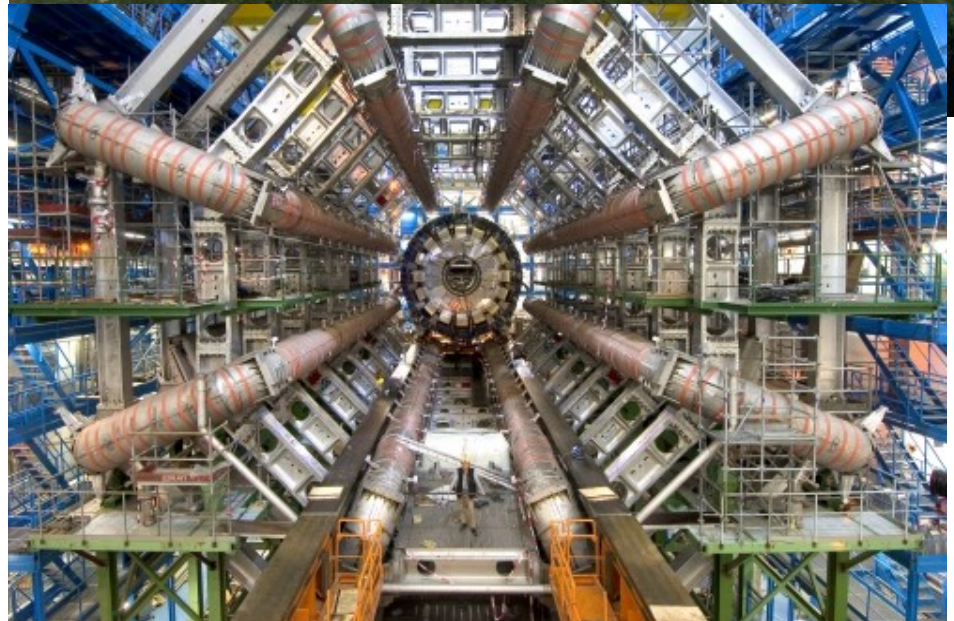
Good question.



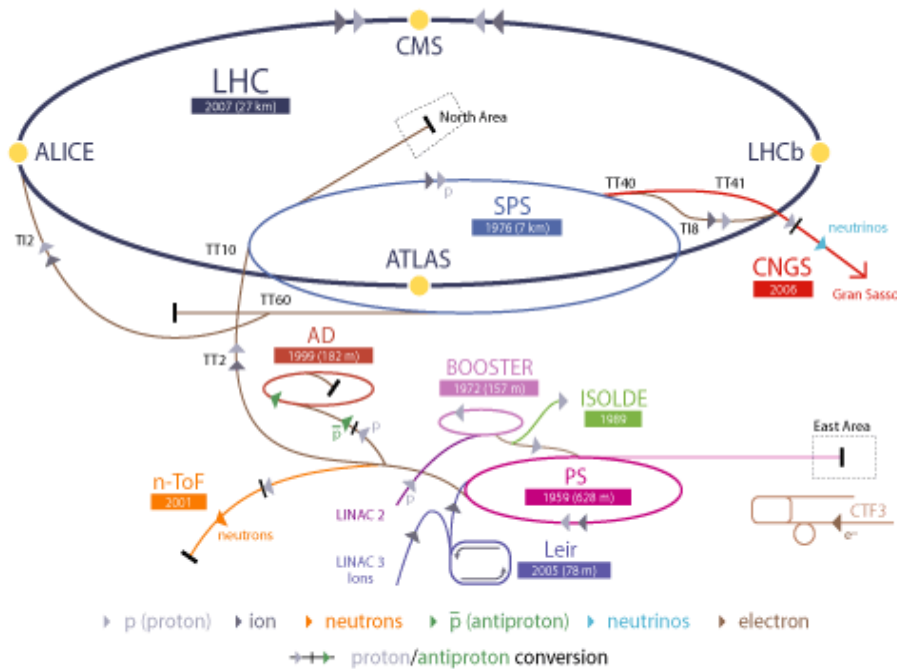
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The LHC Tier model and the Grid.



CERN Accelerator Complex



LHC Large Hadron Collider SPS Super Proton Synchrotron PS Proton Synchrotron
 AD Antiproton Decelerator CTF3 Clic Test Facility
 CNGS CERN Neutrinos to Gran Sasso ISOLDE Isotope Separator OnLine DEvice
 LEIR Low Energy Ion Ring LINAC LINEar ACcelerator n-ToF Neutrons Time Of Flight



The DESY involvement in this historic event is two-folded.



DESY stores and processes LHC data for 3 of the 4 LHC experiments.

DESY is the leading force of an international collaboration, providing storage software, which holds the largest share of LHC data in 7 Tier I labs and more than 70 Tier II's.



dCache



*Let us begin with the
worldwide
LHC Computing Grid = (W)LCG*

*Or, to be slightly more specific :
The LCG **data** model.*



Die obligatorischen Zitate



10 Sep 2008
(Yesterday)

Jamie Shiers back in 2005

When the LHC starts operating in 2007, it will be the most data-intensive physics instrument on the planet, producing more than **1500 megabytes** of data every second for over a decade.

Bemerkung von Patrick am 11 Sep 2008

Wenn Sie das hier lesen, hat der LHC kein Schwarzes Loch erzeugt. (Oder nur ein ganz kleines)



Content

The LCG Tier model.

The Storage Element, workhorse of the LCG data model.

dCache

The LCG Storage Element

Project topology

... in a nutshell

The Nordic Data Grid Facility Approach

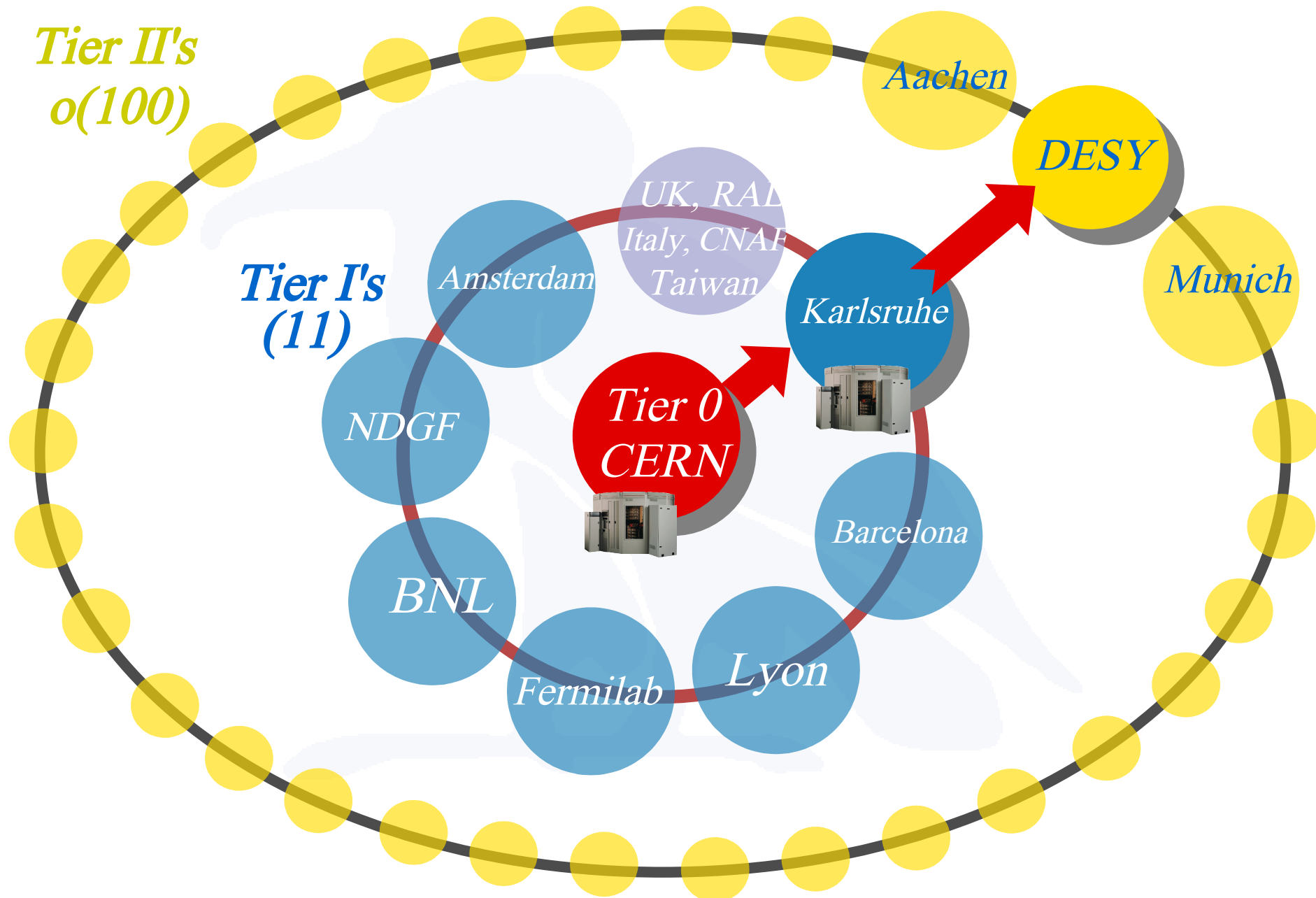
Once again : The LCG data model.



LCG Tier Model (data view)

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The LHC Storage Element is defined by the protocols it supports

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Remote Storage Resource Management

SRM (which is an Open Grid Forum Standard)

Allocation of space

Assigning space attributes (Tape, Disk, Offline ...)

Transfer Protocol Negotiation

Limited name-space operations



The LHC Storage Element is defined by the protocols it supports (cont.)

Wide Area Transport Protocol (IETF standards)

gsiFtp

http(s)

Local Access Protocol (Kein standard)

(gsi)dCap

rfio

xRoot

Information Publishing

Content : GLUE (OGF)

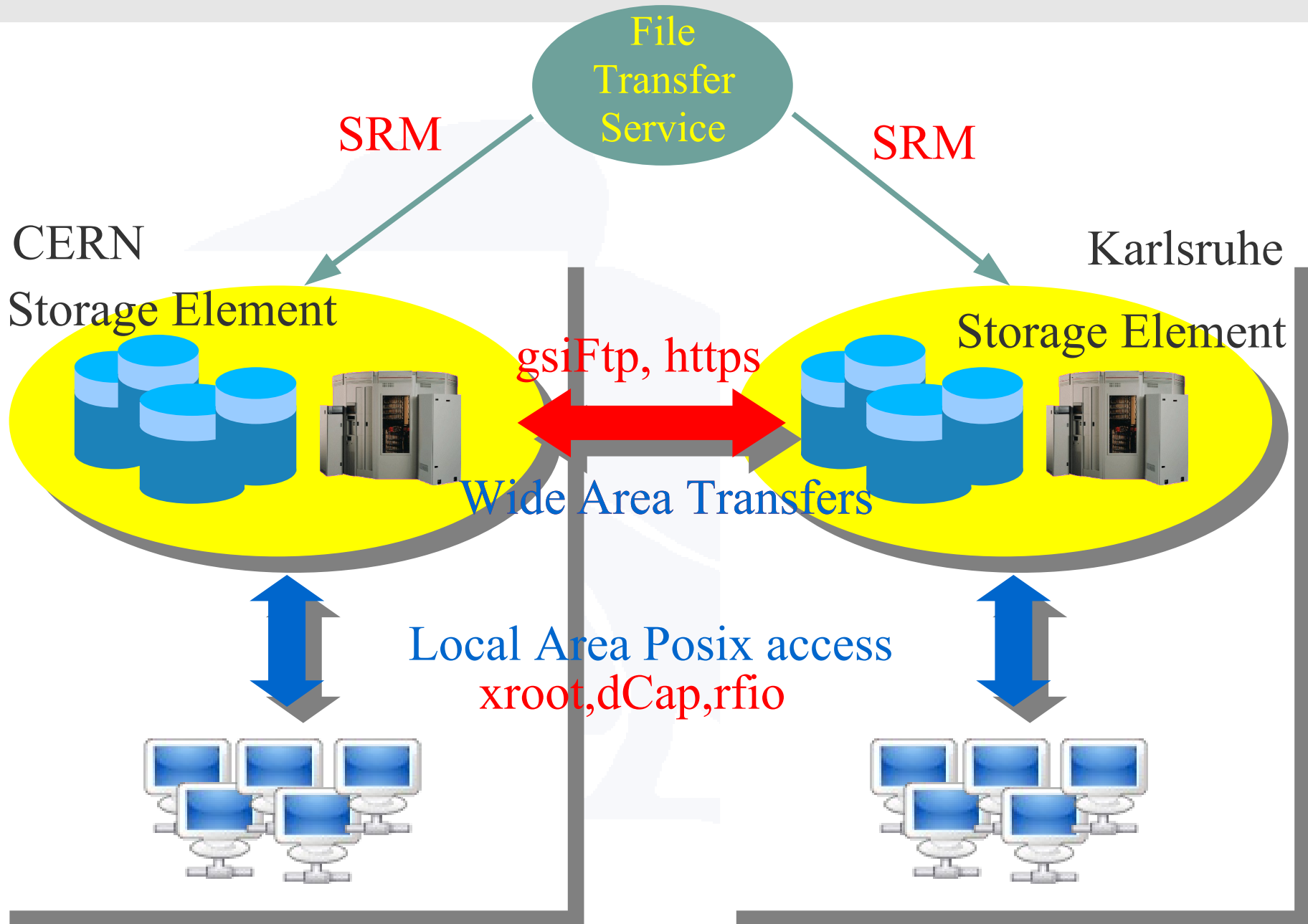
Transport : LDAP



Storage Element interactions.

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Hier kommen wir denn endlich zu dCache





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Global Overview





What is a dCache

dCache is a software package.

dCache is an international collaboration.

dCache is developed at DESY, FNAL and NDGF.

dCache is packaged and managed at DESY.

dCache manages storage on ~1000 of disk nodes.

dCache drives HSM storage back-end(s). (eg Tsm, Hpss, ...)

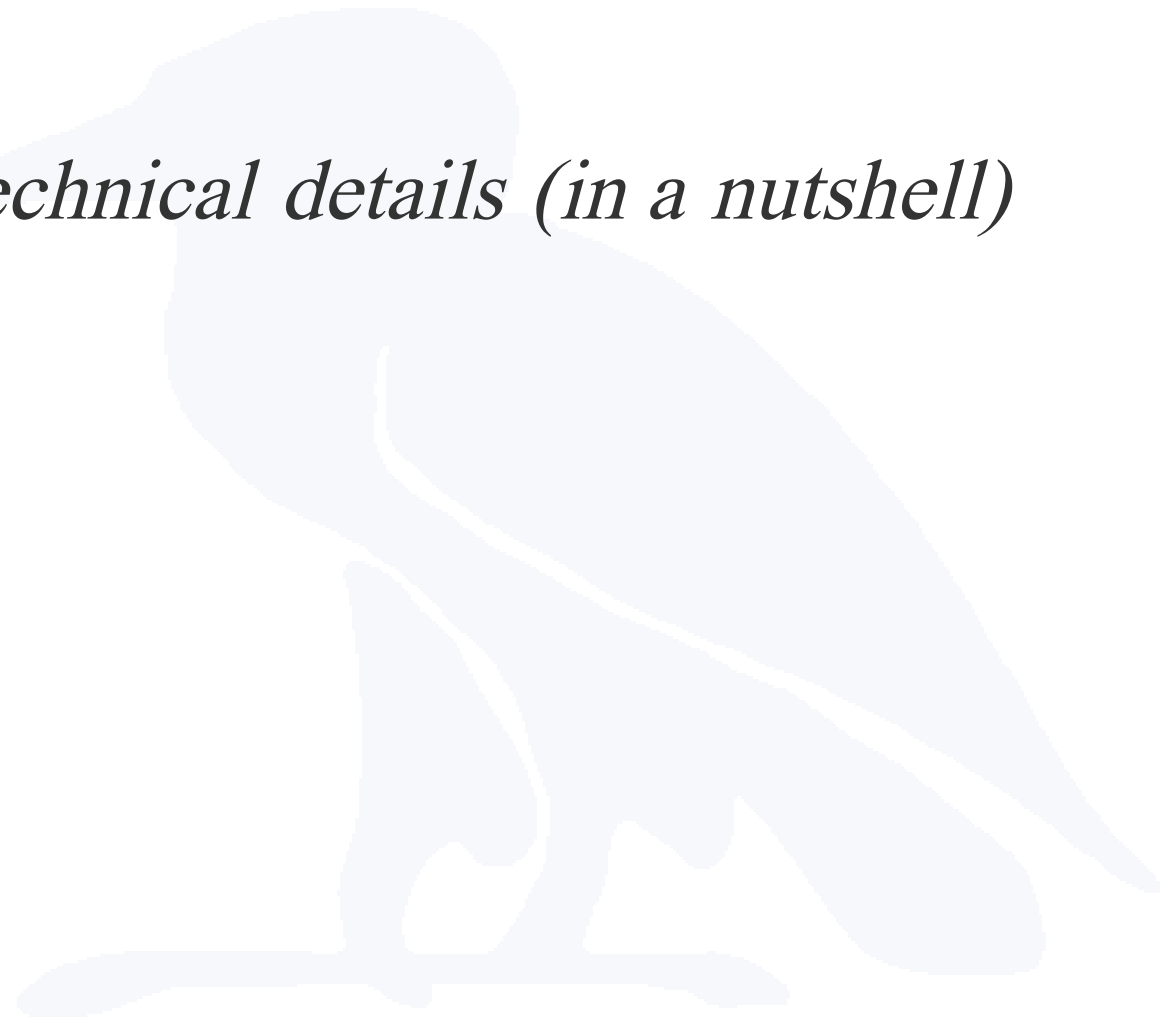
dCache is a (certified) LHC Storage Element.

dCache is in use at 7 Tier I's and > 70 Tier II's.

dCache will store the largest share of LHC data outside CERN.



Some technical details (in a nutshell)





dCache in a nutshell

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Tape Storage

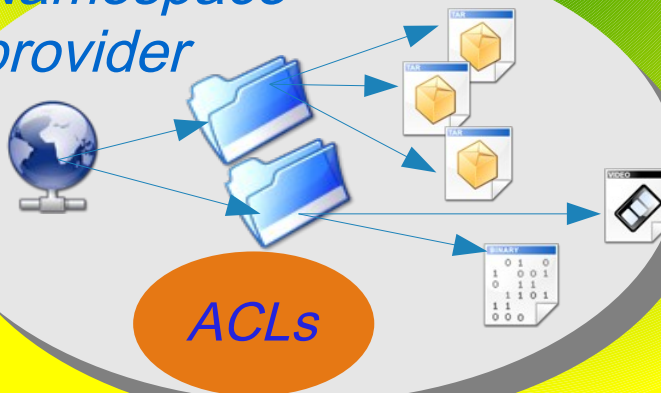
OSM, Enstore
Tsm, Hpss, DMF



dCache Core



Namespace provider



Protocol Engines

Information Protocol(s)

Storage Management
Protocol(s)

SRM 1.1 2.2

Data & Namespace
Protocols

(NFS 4.1) dCap
ftp (V2) gsiFtp
xRoot
(http)

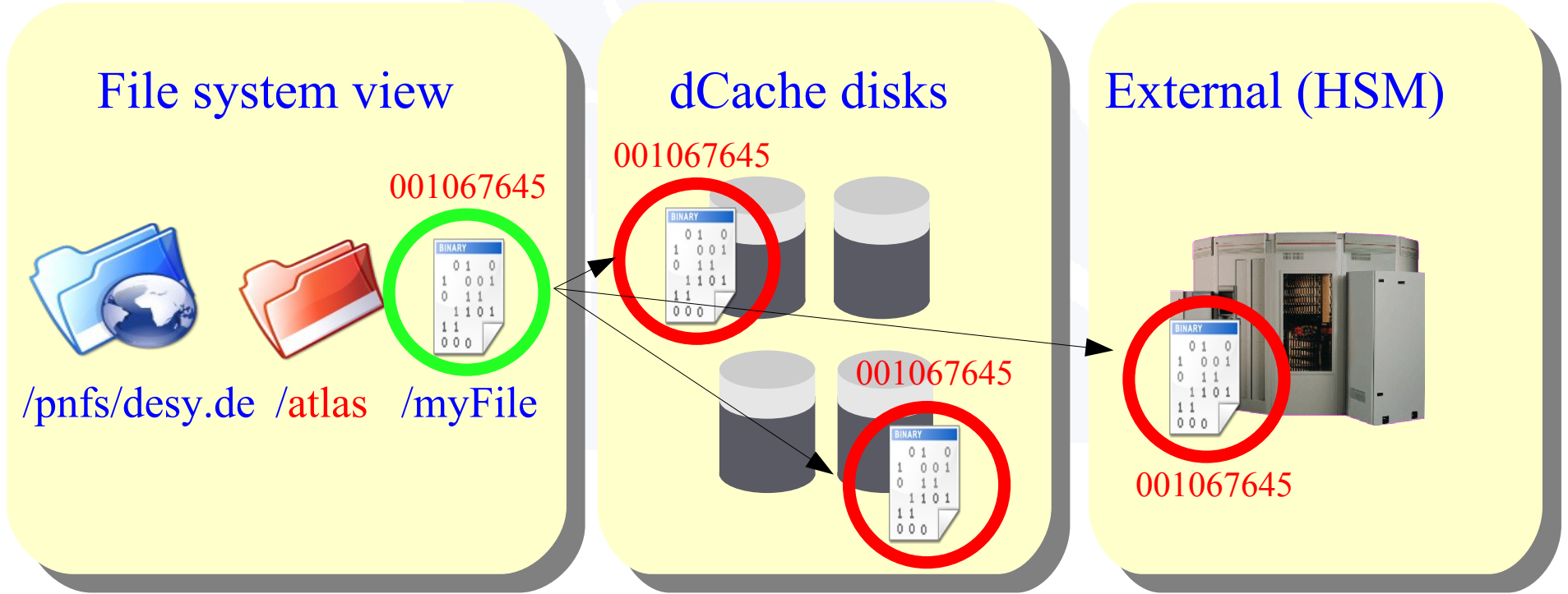
Namespace ONLY

NFS 2 / 3



dCache in a nutshell

- ➔ Strict name space and data storage separation, allowing
 - ➔ consistent name space operations (mv, rm, mkdir e.t.c)
 - ➔ consistent access control per directory resp. file
 - ➔ managing multiple internal and external copies of the same file
 - ➔ convenient name space management by nfs (or http)





dCache in a nutshell

→ Overload and meltdown protection

- Request Scheduler.
- Primary Storage pool selection by protocol, IP, directory, IO direction
- Secondary selection by system load and available space considerations.
- Separate I/O queues per protocol (load balancing)

→ Supported protocols :

- (gsi)ftp
- (gsi)dCap
- xRoot
- SRM
- nfs2/3 (name space only)
- **nfs 4.1 very soon**



dCache in a nutshell

+ File hopping on

- automated hot spot detection
- configuration (read only, write only, stage only pools)
- on arrival (configurable)
- outside / inside firewalls

+ dCache partitioning for very large installations

- Different tuning parameter for different parts of dCache

+ Resilient Management

- at least n but never more than m copies of a file



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dCache project topology





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Development



Code management
System verification
Deployment



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US

gLite
 Europe
 Asia
 South America



The Team

dCache.ORG

dCache.ORG

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*The dCache **Nordic Data Grid Facility** Approach*

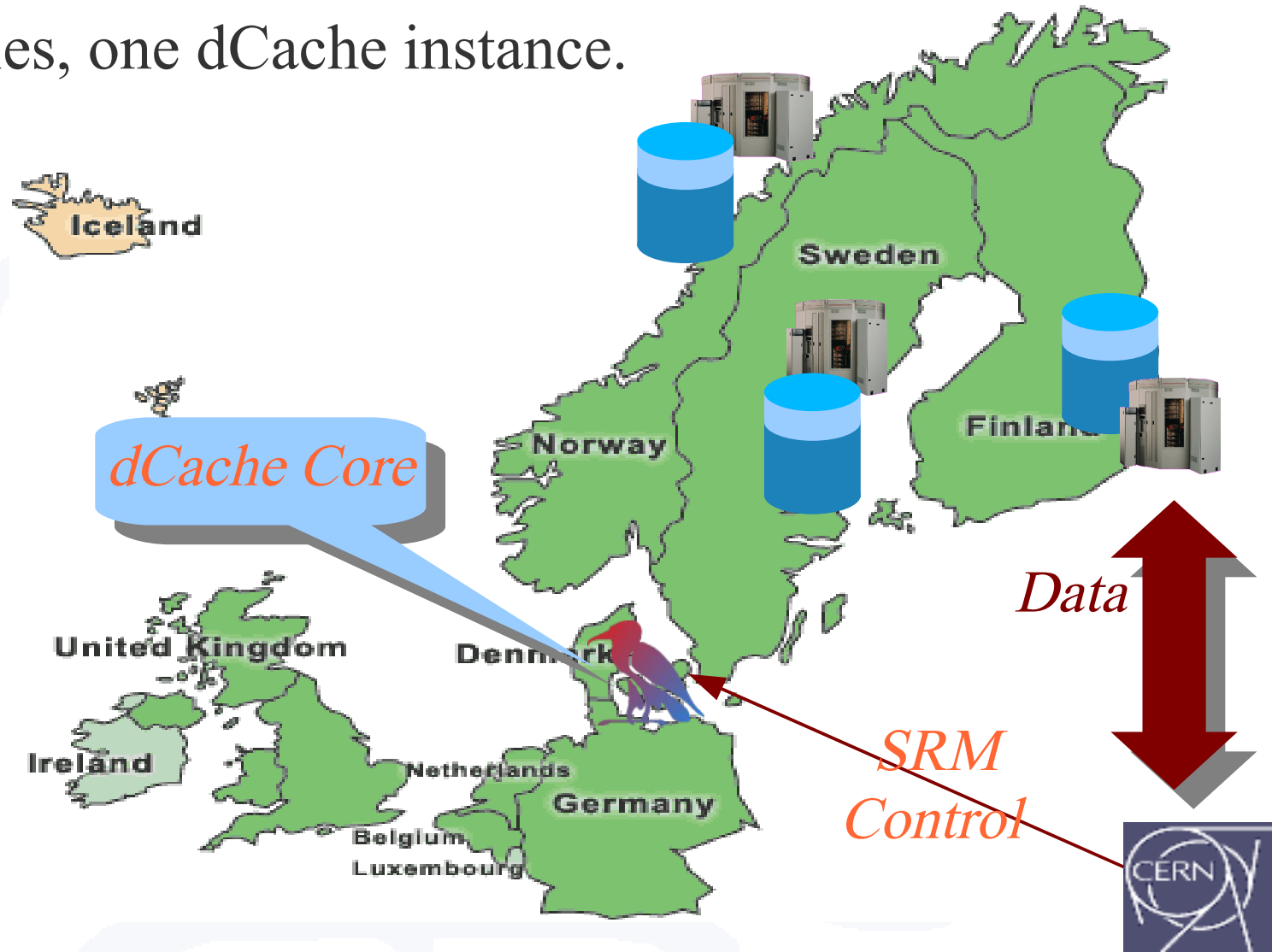




The dCache Nordic Data Grid Facility Approach

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4 Countries, one dCache instance.



Idea :

At any time a country may 'go down' though raw data storage proceeds.



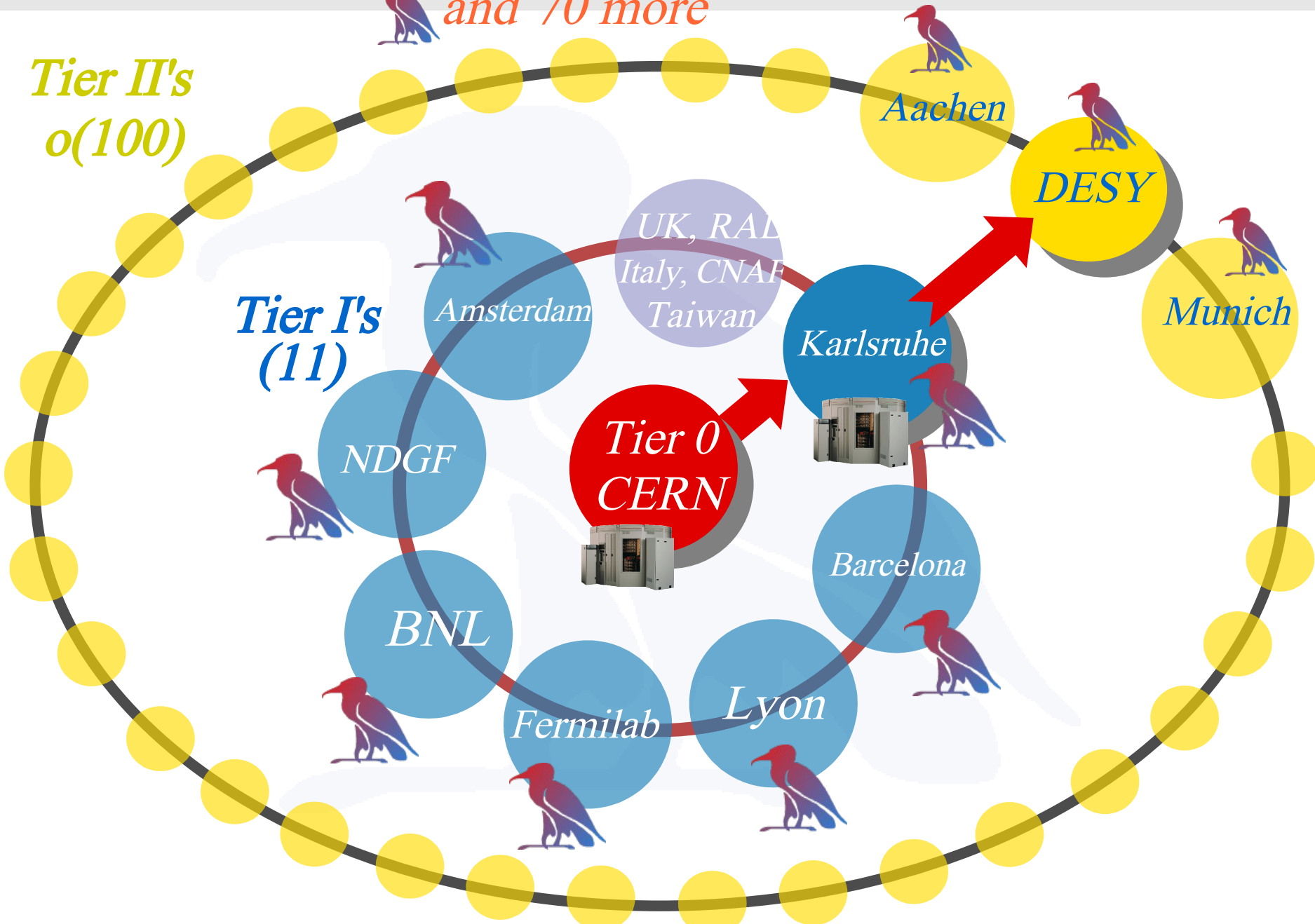
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and 70 more

*Tier II's
o(100)*

*Tier I's
(11)*

*Tier 0
CERN*





Further reading

www.dCache.ORG

*and of course enjoy your stay
at desy and in hamburg.*